

VOTE 3

DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

To be appropriated by vote in 2014/15 R1 072 661 000

Responsible MEC MEC for Economic Development

Administering Department Departm

1. OVERVIEW

Vision

Sustainable job creation and inclusive economic development in an integrated and globally competitive City Region.

Mission

The Department of Economic Development (DED) will be an activist, interventionist and developmentally focused department contributing to an inclusive and growing economy in Gauteng by providing thought leadership to inform the economic development agenda, mobilising stakeholders to partner for economic growth and development, creating an enabling regulatory environment and stimulating business practices that promote inclusive economic growth, promoting and attracting trade and investment to the economy and directing investment into strategic economic infrastructure.

Strategic Goals

The DED reflected strongly on its dual economic growth and development mandate in its revised strategic plan. This mandate informs the DED strategic goals, which are as follows:

- To provide integrated economic and development planning that informs spatially referenced regional and local economic development, and contributes to the development of Gauteng into a globally competitive city region;
- To facilitate the implementation of strategic programmes that will stimulate the brand, competitiveness and social transformation of Gauteng, enhance trade and export promotion and the attraction of investment, resulting in the creation of decent jobs, increased tourism and a greener economy;
- To promote an efficient, equitable and socially responsible business environment;
- To act as an economic intelligence nerve-centre to inform strategic decisions and targeted sector development strategies; and
- To promote public accountability and achieve high standards of corporate governance and efficient resource utilisation.

Main Services

The department contributes to an inclusive and growing economy in Gauteng by:

- Providing thought leadership to inform the economic development agenda;
- Mobilising stakeholders to partner for economic growth and development;
- Creating an enabling regulatory environment and stimulating business practices that promote inclusive economic growth;
- Enhancing the competitive advantage of key sectors of the economy;
- Promoting and attracting trade and investment to the economy;
- Directing investment into strategic economic infrastructure;
- Proactively linking communities to economic opportunities;
- Playing a facilitative role engaging with actors in civil society and developing constructive engagements with the private sector; and
- Contributing towards skills initiatives in the furniture, mineral beneficiation and jewellery fabrication, automotive, Information and Communication Technology (ICT), tourism and green economy sectors.





Outcomes

The DED recognises its role as a lead department in relation to Outcome 4 "Decent Employment and Inclusive Economic Growth" and equally affirms its role in support of other provincial outcomes i.e. Outcome 5: An efficient, competitive and responsive economic infrastructure network; and Outcome 6: Skilled and capable workforce to support an inclusive growth path. The Gauteng Medium Term Strategic Framework (MTSF) emphasises the large scale creation of decent work opportunities as the centre of its socio-economic agenda, so as to deal with the triple challenge of unemployment, inequality and poverty. The department of Economic Development, in aligning its plans with the MTSF and the outcomes of the provincial government, led the development of the Gauteng Employment, Growth and Development Strategy (GEGDS) which is the framework that underpins the developmental objectives of the province to achieve decent work creation and sustainable economic growth. To support these objectives, the DED finalised economic policies and strategies, which include the Industrial Policy, the Broad Based Black Economic Empowerment (BBBEE) strategy, the Green Economy strategy and the Small Micro and Medium Enterprises (SMME) and Cooperatives strategies. The focus is on improving the effective implementation of these strategies, and this critically informs the reprioritisation and reconfiguration of the department, and was considered in the development of its 2013 medium term budget.

Acts, rules and regulations

- Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA), 2004;
- Gauteng Liquor Act, 2003;
- National Protected Areas Act, 2003;
- Blue IQ Investment Holding Act, 2003;
- Gauteng Tourism Act, 2001;
- Promotion of Access to Information Act, 2000;
- Administration of Justice Act, 2000;
- Preferential Procurement Policy Framework Act, 2000;
- Municipality Systems Act, 2000;
- Gauteng Gambling Act, 1995, 1996, 2001;
- World Heritage Convention Act, 1999;
- Public Finance Management Act (PFMA), 1999;
- Skills Development Act, 1998;
- Employment Equity Act, 1998;
- Convention Concerning the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage (adopted 1997);
- Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations Act, 1997;
- Gauteng Unfair Business Practices Act, 1996;
- Sale and Service Matters Amendment Act, 1995;
- Public Service Act, 1994;
- Business Act, 1991;
- Credit Agreements Act, 1980; and
- 2009-2014 Electoral Manifesto and Medium Term Strategic Framework (MTSF).

2. REVIEW OF THE CURRENT FINANCIAL YEAR (2013/14)

Outcome 1: Strategic economic Infrastructure stimulating employment-led economic growth and development

Output 1: Strategic economic infrastructure

The Department of Economic Development (GDED) in partnership with Department of Roads and Transport (GRT), Gauteng Growth and Development Agency (GGDA), West Rand District Municipality and Mogale City conducted a feasibility study for a site suitable to establish an Inland Hub in West Rand.

The department has secured funding from Gauteng Fund Agency (GFA) to conduct the Vaal logistic hub feasibility study. A letter that confirms the department's commitment to the project has been forwarded to GFA. The draft terms of reference were also circulated for DRT, Transnet and Emfuleni Municipality for comments.

The department has entered into heads of agreement with Airports Company South Africa (ACSA) and a lease agreement is being negotiated. In principle, an undertaking to fund has been secured from the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI). ACSA has undertaken to deliver bulk infrastructure at the DEDs costs. A Procurement Advisor was appointed in August and will facilitate the PPP process.





Output 2: Re-industrialisation to support the growth of labour intensive industries

DED will make contributions in training to Gauteng Master Skills Plan and/or re-industrialisation, as it pertains to its focus area. These include training for repair shops, simulator training academy, foundry and tooling training, tourism, and reskilling and technical training.

Output 3: Building an innovation and knowledge-based economy to drive competitiveness and economic growth

Gauteng ICT Park

The aim of the Gauteng ICT Park is to provide an institutional environment that enables enterprises, individuals and the government to interact for purposes of generating economic growth, while delivering on all Pillars of the Province's ICT Strategy. Key focus areas for the Park are Electronics and Manufacturing, ICT Research and Development, Media and Content Production, ICT Knowledge Development, ICT Connectivity and Transition Switching, Business Process Outsourcing and Logistics and Distribution.

The completion of the Special Economic Zone (SEZ) business case, as mandated by the DTI, was 30 per cent complete by the end of the third quarter. The Master Blue Plan (MBP) for the Gauteng ICT Park has been completed and submitted for approval to the DTI (as the SEZ regulator). The process of evaluating the MBP report against the SEZ requirements has been conducted between the DTI and GDED. The GDED through GGDA has submitted an application to the DTI SEZ Fund to address all the SEZ establishment requirements.

The DTI has subsequently approved funding as follows: 2014/15 - R7,6 million; 2015/16- R7,4 million; and 2016/17- R7,8 million -for opportunity packaging and investor recruitment as well as project management. The DTI has furthermore provided funding for the recruitment of a SEZ Executive at a Chief Director level, a Project Manager at a Director Level as well as a Sector Specialist also at a Director Level.

Gauteng Accelerator Programme (GAP) Biosciences

The Gauteng Accelerator Programme – Biosciences (GAP-Biosciences) is an initiative by The Innovation Hub (TIH) in collaboration with Emory University (Atlanta, Georgia) that aims to transfer essential business and business-related skills to researchers and entrepreneurs in the biosciences sector, to ultimately establish viable biosciences start-up companies in Gauteng.

The GAP competitions received over 200 applications from entrepreneurs across Gauteng. An award ceremony was hosted on 6 December 2013 with attendance from various stakeholders within the innovation community. Fourteen entrepreneurs from the GAP ICT, Medical, Green and Biosciences were announced as winners on 6 December 2013 and have won seed funding and incubation. Incubation contracts are currently being finalised.

Eight teams of 23 people were selected to undergo the executive education programme and receive business and technical mentoring for business plan development with the internal The Innovation Hub (TIH) and Emory team. These 8 teams are still on the programme.

Output 4: Green economy interventions to support sustainable economic growth and interventions

The biogas production pilot projects in Sedibeng schools and in a nursery situated in Jabulani informal settlement in the West Rand District progressed well. A total of three digester technologies have been successfully installed. Biogas lines were then fitted and commissioning of the digester to produce gas commenced. Monitoring of the gas producing technology is underway.

The target for the "waste to energy" plant in a poultry farm based in Ekurhuleni has not been met due to challenges with the Intellectual Property of the technology. The mediation process was undertaken and challenges have been resolved. In addition, a request for proposals to appoint a service provider who has waste to energy technology has been published. This process will assist to benchmark the Chick Energy technology.

The "waste to energy" feasibility study for Sedibeng and the West Rand area is not complete due to the outstanding waste characterisation study. This study forms part of the entire feasibility study it is anticipated that it will be completed in the fourth quarter of 2013/2014. Currently five chapters of the feasibility study have been drafted and approved by the Steering committee. These include status quo analysis, market analysis, legal analysis, technological analysis and options analysis.







Output 5: Tourism sector development to drive competitiveness and economic growth

The design concepts for upgrade of the Interpretation Centre Hominid-House and the Maropeng Hotel have been successfully completed. On the completion of facilities to host outdoors events, it is recorded that the construction of the trail has commenced earnestly and this achievement is attributed to the final appointment of contracts and dedicated team member's on-site fast tracking the implementation of the project.

However, the construction of facilities at Maropeng to attract more visitors is delayed as the Construction Industry Development Board (CIDB) requirements for infrastructure projects procurement has not been finalised.

In the third quarter, the final signing of the transfer protocol with North West province assisted the department to commence and complete the development of the Operating Model for the Ga-Rankuwa Hotel School.

The department has established the second Visitor Information Centre (VIC) and these centres are strategically positioned at OR Tambo International Airport's (ORTIAs) international and domestic terminals. The results of the visitor satisfaction surveys currently being conducted at the aforesaid OR Tambo Airport VICs show a satisfactory level of achievement quarter-on-quarter and have recorded an average of 79 per cent against a target of 60 per cent during the period under review.

The department trained 670 people on tourism excellence against a target of 500 in the period under review. This achievement was due to effective collaboration with partners and huge demand by sector practitioners.

Output 7: Sustainable Employment Creation

SMME and cooperatives support: Gauteng Enterprise Propeller (GEP)

As at the end of the third quarter, 1 828 SMMEs and 510 Co-operatives were supported. These businesses were assisted through a range of tailored financial and non-financial interventions such as Business Development Support; Training; Aftercare and Loans. A combination of training and mentorship from the Enterprise Support Unit continued to boost interest in the Agency's programmes.

The GEYODI breakdown of SMMEs assisted and supported was 645 women, 402 youth and 200 People with Disabilities (PwDs). Through different types of interventions, 510 Cooperatives were supported and 26 received Cooperative Assistance Programme (CAP). The CIPC System is fully functional through the GEP Transnet Hub at the Carlton Centre and 146 businesses were registered at the end of the period under review.

The old township industrial site regeneration programme is continuing and Chamdor industrial site has been completed; the service providers have been contracted to start with the refurbishment of Ga-Rankuwa and Orlando sites. A needs analysis for Sedibeng industrial park was delayed.

Implementation of Youth Employment Strategy

The number of young people placed at various clinics and hospitals in all 5 regions increased from 793 to 1 044. Inductions, identification of mentors and signing of contracts have been completed with all the placed learners. In addition, GEP entered into a one year placement agreement with 883 learners who were placed in various municipal entities (Renaissance -100, Transnet - 8, Joburg Water – 235, Joburg City Power 418, Prasa - 3, MTN Hub - 3, Makplan - 100 and Hosea - 16) with the objective of forming them into Cooperatives.

Tourism was elevated as the 6th economic pillar in the New Growth Path due to its labour-intensive character and the ability to create employment opportunities across a skills level spectrum. There are some initiatives that create short-term employment in the tourism space – particularly targeted at the youth as part of the designated groups – through government's strategic interventions.

To this end, Gauteng Tourism has created 30 youth work placements through an apprenticeship project in partnership with the National Department of Tourism.

Other opportunities targeted at the youth are through the 'Working on Fire' project which is an EPWP initiative that has created 24 and 45 opportunities in the Cradle of Humankind and Dinokeng areas respectively.

Output 8: Trade and Investment Promotion

The Gauteng Growth and Development Agency (GGDA) has successfully facilitated one Domestic Direct Investment (DDI) project in the Business Process Outsourcing (BPO) sector which created 75 temporary jobs with investments amounting to R48 million. One Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) project, namely Cyreldene Mall, has been facilitated. The rand value of the investment is R20 million with 40 temporary jobs created during the





demolishing phase. In the year under review, the total rand value of FDI and DDI investments facilitated through GGDA is R135 million.

The GGDA provided investment retention services to one company, Proban IT Systems (Pty), for a joint venture with a Dutch company to develop research software. The continued support of the department of Trade and Industry and fostered relationships with Embassies, enabled the hosting of 51 inward delegations at the Investment business lounge. Through The International Trade Institute of Southern Africa, the GGDA facilitated the training of 61 enterprises on export development.

Broad Based Black Economic Empowerment

At the end of the third quarter review, a total of 35 interventions were facilitated as a result of designation of sectors and were targeted for the public and civil sector/private sector stakeholders. The interventions focused on compliance with the GPG BBBEE strategy and its targets and compliance to local content and new BBBEE Codes of Good Practice gazetted. It was published in October 2013.

There was slight progress from 72.81 per cent to 72.9 per cent that was recorded towards the achievement of GPG compliance Preferential Procurement spend target. The province continued to achieve on the QSE target of 30 per cent by spending 58.7 per cent of its total procurement budget for the year under review.

Consumer protection

At the end of the third quarter review, the department received 2 267 complaints and resolved 1 488 complaints against the targeted amount of 1 178.

In observance of both the Liquor Awareness Month and the Disability Month, the department conducted consumer education workshops in the four regions of the province, targeting disabled persons and liquor traders during the month of October and November respectively. The main workshop, which had attracted scores of disabled persons, was held in Sharpeville, Emfuleni, co-hosted by the Local Municipality. The department also invited other departments, namely Gauteng Department of Finance, Social Development and the Gauteng Enterprise Propeller.

The department has wrapped up its workshops for the funeral industry stakeholders, the Burial Society of South Africa (BUSOSA), and attended their end-of-the-year function at Parktown, Johannesburg. A three-day Consumer Financial Wellness campaign, targeting DED employees, was also held at 124 Main Street. This campaign, themed "Spend Wisely", was launched on 15 November 2013 with a series of workshops and Friday exhibitions at the 94 Main Street foyer and lasted until 13 December 2013. This also coincided with the woman empowerment seminar for women in business organised by the department and co-hosted by an organization called, Leading Women of Africa (LWA).

Liquor licencing

At the end of the third quarter review, 2 696 applications were received and considered due to a large number of applications for transfers and relocations of Shebeen permits approved in accordance with the Provincial Notice 3283 dated 7 December 2012, published in the Government Gazette Number 376.

This called for the interested parties or clients to apply for relocations or transfers approval. The said applications were considered and approved, in addition to application considered in terms of Act 2, of 2003. During the adjudication over license applications, 2 396 licenses were issued within the turnaround time.

At the end of the third quarter review, 3 045 pre-inspections were conducted, exceeded the target because of the availability of resources. The number of Compliance inspections conducted was 2 498 at the end of the period under review. This achievement is attributed to the joint operations with other Law Enforcement Agencies and the implementation of the festive season plan.

A total of 3 350 000 people were reached through awareness programmes, which is inclusive of both the number of people who attended the workshops and the records on media coverage. In October 2013 the GLB conducted successful Liquor month campaigns and it was widely covered both by print and electronic media. A total of R18.2 million was collected through licence fees during the period under review, which reflects a consistent improvement in revenue collection.

Gambling regulation

The provisional gambling revenue collection has shown an increase from the target amount of R186.7 million to R203.2 million which is 9 per cent above the tax budget. Increase in consumer spending on gambling products







led to the high tax revenue collected.

Regarding applications processed within the standard timeframe, the percentage has decreased from 94, 1 per cent to 81 per cent. Unprocessed applications are due to queries emanating from Home Affairs, other gambling boards and incomplete application files received.

The planned 38 compliance audits were completed as planned owing to the cooperation of licensees, adherence to the plan and 9 inspections being conducted against a target of 7.

3. OUTLOOK FOR THE COMING FINANCIAL YEAR (2014/15)

Output 1: Inclusive and equitable economic growth

Re-industrialization

The department through lessons learnt from the implementation of the Winterveldt and Mohlakeng Township Enterprises, the department will develop the operating model and governance framework that will inform the rolling out of the new hubs. The Gauteng Enterprise Propeller (GEP) will also continue with the Regeneration Old Townships programme and will regenerate further three (3) Old township industrial sites.

Enterprise Development

Enterprise support will continue to be provided in the next financial year. In this regard, GEP will provide financial support to 150 SMMEs and non-financial support will be provided to 1 800 SMMEs. The Cooperatives Support Programme will be continued, 70 Cooperatives will be provided with financial support and 300 Cooperatives will be provided with non-financial support. The Agency will also provide financial and non-financial support to 425 informal businesses. The department, through GEP, will establish 1 000 (cumulative 2 000) youth businesses.

Innovation and Knowledge based economy

Twenty-six companies will be recruited for pre-incubation through the Maxum programme at TIH whilst 16 will be enrolled for incubation. Ninety individuals will also be trained through the CoachLab programme at TIH. The Climate Innovation Centre (CIC) will provide support to 60 green companies and its incubation programme will incubate 20 green companies.

Green economy

As part of implementing the Green Strategy, the department will conduct the following studies:

- A market study of local industrial ability to develop, manufacture and produce relevant technologies for emissions reduction and adaptation;
- Investigative study on the feasibility of a provincial tax option to fund renewable and alternative energy in Gauteng; and
- Nodal and corridor studies on food valley.

The department will also work with the private sector, towards ensuring that Gauteng-based businesses achieve green building status in accordance with the Green Building Council of SA standards.

Tourism development

The department, through the Gauteng Tourism Authority, will continue to market Gauteng as a tourism destination. In this regard, targeted international marketing and communications campaigns will be used to stimulate an increase in the number of international visitor arrivals to Gauteng. The increase in the number of domestic trips to Gauteng will be stimulated through targeted domestic campaigns and niche product development.

Preferential procurement

Training, education and awareness workshops will be continued to provide GPG Departments and entities with guidance on the calculation of local content. The department will also continue to monitor the Provincial target on preferential procurement and payment of suppliers within 30 days after receipt of invoices.

Equitable urban economy space

The Local Economic Development (LED) will provide capacity building Interventions to municipalities. In this regard, the department will assist municipalities to draw their LED Strategies and alignment thereof to provincial priorities.







Output 2: Strategic economic infrastructure stimulating employment-led growth and development

The department, through Gauteng Growth and Development Agency (GGDA), will continue with the completion of Industrial Development Zone (IDZ) phase 1 and to finalise phase 1 top structure and bulk development by March 2015. The feasibility of next phases of IDZ translated to Phase 2 will also be established.

Through the work to be undertaken by ICT project management office (PMO), the department, working together with DTI, will finalise the completion of business case as part of the SEZ process for Gauteng ICT Park. Working together with private sector will ensure the completion of business cases for the ICT component, media component, knowledge component and logistics component.

Output 3: Sustainable youth employment creation

The department, through the Youth PMO, will liaise with DTI to review the current programme logic and alignment thereof to the budget ultimately allocated. To this end and through lessons learnt in the implementation of the programme in the previous financial year, the department will ensure the placement of a further 1 500 youths into work opportunities.

Output 4: Trade and investment promotion

Investment attraction and export promotion

The department's Trade and Investment promotion, through GGDA, will directly facilitate 5 Foreign Direct Investments and 6 Domestic Direct Investments. The Gauteng Investment Centre (GIC) will continue as a platform to stimulate investments and will host 57 inward missions in the next financial year. The department, through GGDA, will continue to facilitate access to export markets for SMMEs and in this regard 100 enterprises will be supported to be export ready.

Improve ease of doing business

The department will produce Intelligence reports to track developments in the respective sectors and disseminate information to assist decision making by prospective investors. In this regard, the Gauteng Investor Incentive Guide will be updated annually.

Output 5: Build Skills to drive the economy

The department, through the GGDA, will to continue to focus on addressing skills gaps and creating jobs through partnerships with industries to deliver skills for the economy in labour intensive sectors such as the automotive, furniture, fashion, metal fabrication and mineral beneficiation sectors. As part of skills development in the Automotive sector, through GGDA, 350 individuals will be trained at the Ford Simulator facility. The 60 mentees enrolled for the Mentorship programme for Body repairs will continue with their 3-year programme.

Twenty students enrolled for the jewellery manufacturing and design and will continue with the two-year training programme. Thirty furniture craftsmen and designers will be trained. The Metal fabrication skills development will also continue to be a focus for the department. Thus 250 tool makers will be trained through the tooling artisan training programme and 20 individuals will be trained through the foundry skills development programme.

Output 6: Business regulation

Consumer protection

The department identified sections in the National Legislation that impact on its mandate and role, and will review the Consumer Affairs (Unfair Business Practices) Act 7 of 1996 during the year. Thus the department will prioritise the review of the Provincial Legislation for alignment with the National Legislation. There will also be continued focus on consumer education, advocacy and awareness campaigns in the 2014/2015 financial year.

Liquor licencing

To improve the ease of doing business, adherence to the turnaround time for approving the liquor license applications will be reinforced. Stakeholder programmes and engagement will be streamlined to improve the department's reputation on liquor licensing. Liquor Abuse Education and Awareness Programmes will continue, and inspections will be increased in order to enforce compliance.







Gambling regulation

In continuing regulating the gambling industry, the number of compliance audits (158 per annum) conducted on gambling licences will be maintained in the 2014/2015 financial year. Similarly, the number of inspections conducted will continue to be 102 per annum in the upcoming financial year.

4. REPRIORITISATION

The implementation of approved strategies critically informs the reprioritisation of the budget and projects. The department examined the budget proposals from its public entities in order to strengthen the alignment with its mandate. Several budget proposals from public entities were declined and some were realigned and reprioritised. The budget reprioritisation exercise identified savings within the existing committed expenditure envelope and assigned funds to emerging priorities in the areas of enterprise development, job creation and targeted sector development. Costing cutting measures were implemented and the department reduced internal costs through centralisation of common expenditure such as stationery, computer consumable, catering and etc. The Department went further to cut costs by developing austerity measures that affect certain items such as cell phones, travel and substance, venue and facilities and etc. This reprioritisation will necessitate an efficient use of resources while, on the other hand, ensuring that service delivery targets are met. However, cost savings will continue to play an important role in the budget allocation and management processes thereof.

5. PROCUREMENT

The Department of Economic Development, during the MTEF process, highlighted procurement projects that will happen in the 2014/15 financial year, which have an impact on the service delivery of the department. This will also be in line with the projects that the department would plan to deliver on and it will have procurement implications. This will further be backed up by individual procurement project plans to ensure that bids are evaluated and awarded timeously.

The communication unit will procure media campaigns to advertise service offerings and programmes of the department, such as Disability workshops spend wisely campaigns, World Consumer Right Month, Savings Month Campaign, Youth Month, Human Rights, and Worker's Month. Another procurement managed by the project management office through consulting services is the Gauteng Smart City, which involves the procurement of ICT infrastructure, Alexandra broadband, and Soweto broadband.

6. RECEIPTS AND FINANCING

6.1 Summary of receipts

TABLE 3. 1: SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS: ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Med	lium-term estimate	S
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Equitable share	1 087 082	822 573	874 412	967 551	963 353	963 353	1 072 661	1 135 900	1 197 468
Total receipts	1 087 082	822 573	874 412	967 551	963 353	963 353	1 072 661	1 135 900	1 197 468

The allocation decreased from R1.1 billion in 2010/11 to R822.6 million in 2011/12 before increasing to R874.4 million in 2012/13. The main appropriation increases by 11 per cent from 967.6 million in the 2013/14 financial year to R1 072.7 billion in the 2014/15 financial year. Over the MTEF the departmental baseline increases to R1.1 billion and R1.2 billion for 2015/16 and 2016/17 respectively. The departmental budget for 2014/15 caters for enhancements in conditions of service, a phased-in implementation of the organisational structure, job creation through partnerships with industries to deliver skills for the economy in labour intensive sectors and the Nelson Mandela Centre of Memory project that started the implementation of the first phase during the 2013/14 financial year. The Department received additional funding of R407 000 for the 2014/15 financial year, which is for personnel that migrated from the Department of Finance, based on the reallocation of the procurement and human resource function. In terms of developing the Constitutional Hill Precinct as a lead project in city renewal and for the establishment of a struggle history route, the Nelson Mandela Centre of Memory will be developed as an anchor attraction to enhance the visitor experience. This will have an impact on tourism increase due to the increased number of people flocking the Centre of Memory and will increase the revenue collection.





6.2 Departmental receipts

TABLE 3.2: DEPARTMENTAL RECEIPTS:ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Med	lium-term estimat	es
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Tax receipts	616 636	612 939	719 343	708 573	708 573	708 573	758 506	804 017	846 630
Casino taxes	585 980	580 337	684 364	622 371	622 371	622 371	666 229	706 204	743 633
Horse racing taxes	30 656	32 602	34 979	86 202	86 202	86 202	92 277	97 813	102 997
Liquor licenses									
Motor vehicle licenses									
Sales of goods and services other than capital assets	311	125	288						
Transfers received									
Fines, penalties and forfeits									
Interest, dividends and rent on land	2 706	1 579	2 006	1 878	1 878	1 878	1 991	2 111	2 223
Sales of capital assets		47							
Transactions in financial assets and liabilities	(54 525)	79	218	250	250	250	265	277	292
Total departmental receipts	565 128	614 769	721 855	710 701	710 701	710 701	760 762	806 405	849 145

In achieving the goals and priorities outlined in the strategic goal of the department, the main source of departmental funding is the equitable share and own revenue mainly generated from gambling taxes (casino and horse racing taxes). The department's other sources include sales of goods and services other than capital assets; interest, dividends and rent on land; financial transactions in assets and liabilities, and sales of capital assets. Gambling revenue is collected by the Gauteng Gambling Board (GGB) for a commission in terms of the Public Finance Management Act Sec 21 (b)(iii), s23(1) & (2) and (3), as well as the Gauteng Gambling Act of 1995 as amended.

The table above shows the contribution of different types of revenue sources. During the 2011/12 financial year the collection was R614.8 million and R721.9 million in 2012/13 showing an increase of R107 million. For the 2013/14 financial year the projected collection amounts to R710.7 million. As at the end of the third quarter, revenue collection amounts to R568 million. The highest contribution of 97.2 per cent is from the Tax receipts, which are made up of casino taxes and horse racing taxes. Sales of goods and services other than capital assets contributed 2.1 per cent of the total revenue collected. Sales of goods and services other than capital assets consists of bookmarkers licenses, commission auctions, commission on insurance and garnishees, rental on open and covered parking and sales of scrap paper.

Interest, dividends and rent on land comprises only interest on the PMG account and contributed less than 1 per cent to the total collection to date. Financial transactions in assets and liabilities have the lowest contribution to total revenue, collecting less than 1 per cent.

Over the 2014 MTEF total revenue will grow from R760.8 million in 2014/15 to R806.4 million in 2015/16, producing an annual average growth rate of 6 per cent. The projected revenue collection over the MTEF is projected on the basis of tourism data, taking into consideration the number of people coming into the province to gamble and the number of people coming into the province for holidays. For the 2016/17 financial year of the MTEF, the projected receipts amount to R849 million. The GGB will continue implementing its mandate by attracting tourists to ensure sustainable revenue collection, including intensifying the responsible gambling awareness campaign in the domain. The GGB will continue with its programmes as planned and the baseline will not be reduced moving forward.

7. PAYMENT SUMMARY

7.1 Key assumptions

The department has applied the following key assumptions when compiling the budget:

- Implementation of the recently approved structure;
- Increase in personnel and performance bonuses;
- Number of staff and possible changes over MTEF;
- Medical aid contributions that increase annually;
- Basic salary costs including the Improvement in Condition of Services adjustments from July each year;
- Skills development levy;
- Inflation related adjustments and; and
- Cost-saving strategies.







7.2 Programme summary

TABLE 3.3: SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES: ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Med	tes	
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
1.Administration	126 334	129 436	129 864	127 707	132 013	131 655	171 379	171 940	177 098
2.Integrated Economic Development Services	198 794	158 379	196 458	239 766	237 087	237 087	268 135	268 495	288 364
3.Trade And Sector Development	641 578	410 337	452 110	507 885	513 187	513 187	510 665	566 061	596 063
4. Business Regulation And Governance	52 685	43 092	66 734	64 159	59 460	59 460	81 692	84 307	88 458
5.Economic Planning	10 638	18 151	28 205	28 034	21 606	21 606	40 790	45 096	47 487
Total payments and estimates:	1 030 029	759 394	873 371	967 551	963 353	962 995	1 072 661	1 135 900	1 197 468

7.3 Summary of economic classification

TABLE 3:4 SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENTAL PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Med	ium-term estima	tes
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Current payments	198 389	258 620	265 609	299 645	295 219	295 219	392 962	412 271	435 487
Compensation of employees	80 372	91 036	110 304	124 786	124 988	124 988	190 540	214 001	225 786
Goods and services	118 017	167 561	155 305	174 859	170 231	170 231	202 422	198 270	209 700
Interest and rent on land		24							
Transfers and subsidies to	822 705	495 094	590 114	657 492	657 720	657 720	659 507	703 443	740 726
Provinces and municipalities	21 500								
Departmental agencies and accounts	800 136	494 851	587 495	657 492	657 492	657 492	659 507	703 443	740 726
Higher education institutions									
Foreign governments and international organisations									
Public corporations and private enterprises									
Non-profit institutions									
Households	1 069	243	2 619		228	228			
Payments for capital assets	1 637	5 443	6 213	10 414	10 414	10 056	20 192	20 186	21 256
Buildings and other fixed structures									
Machinery and equipment	1 637	5 423	5 855	10 414	10 414	10 056	20 192	20 186	21 256
Heritage Assets									
Specialised military assets									
Biological assets									
Land and sub-soil assets									
Software and other intangible assets		20	358						
Payments for financial assets	7 298	237	11 435						
Total economic classification	1 030 029	759 394	873 371	967 551	963 353	962 995	1 072 661	1 135 900	1 197 468

Total expenditure has decreased by 26 per cent from R1 billion in 2010/11 to R759.3 million in the 2011/12 financial year, growing to R873 million in the 2012/13 financial year. The decrease was due to the realignment of provincial functions. The Gauteng Film Commission migrated to the Department of Sports, Arts, Culture and Recreation, which created a decline in the fiscal.

An amount of R494.9 million of the 2011/12 allocation was transferred to public entities and translates to 65 per cent of the total budget. In the 2011/12 financial year, sector plans were swiftly translated into practical work across the Department and its public entities and the focus was on the implementation of the GEGDS.

Over the 2014/15 MTEF period, the departmental budget amounts to R1 billion, R1.1 billion and R1.2 billion for the respective years of the MTEF with funds earmarked for job creation, the Nelson Mandela Centre of Memory and the implementation of the organisational structure.

In 2014/15 the largest share of the budget is allocated to the Trade and Sector Development Programme to provide for transfers to the public entities for projects such as the Nissan Project, Strategic economic infrastructure and the Gauteng Investment Centre.







Under compensation of employees, cost of living adjustments were effected for personnel, with the budget growing from R124.7 million in 2013/14 to R190.5 million in the 2014/15 financial year. The increase is due to the implementation of the approved organisational structure as well as the migration of personnel from GDF, based on the reallocation of the procurement and human resource function.

Over the MTEF the compensation of employees grows to R190.5 million in 2014/15 and R225.8 million in 2016/17, primarily due to the implementation of a new structure for the Department to align to the needs of the province.

Under machinery and equipment the Department catered for the replacement of old furniture and machinery. The allocation amounted to R1.6 million in 2010/11 and increased to R5.9 million in 2012/13. The allocation increases to 10 million in the 2013/14 financial year, and increases significantly over the 2014/15 financial year to R20 million and R21.2 million in the 2016/17 financial year.

7.4 Infrastructure payments

N/A

7.4.1 Departmental infrastructure payments

N/A

7.4.2 Departmental Public-Private partnerships (PPP) projects

N/A

7.5 Transfers

7.5.1 Transfers to public entities

TABLE 3.5: SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENTAL TRANSFERS TO PUBLIC ENTITIES

	Outcome			Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Med	ium-term estimo	ıtes
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
1.Blue IQ Investment Holding (Pty) Ltd	255 837	180 453	225 223	302 320	302 320	302 320	283 369	307 559	323 860
2. Gauteng Economic Development Agency	65 836	48 362	68 000	55 785	55 785	55 785	55 703	30 474	32 089
3. Gauteng Enterprise Propeller	131 659	93 912	104 300	128 447	128 447	128 447	129 291	125 838	132 507
4. Gauteng Tourism Agency	70 551	61 488	52 045	62 016	62 016	62 016	65 427	60 298	63 494
Total departmental transfers to public entities	523 883	384 215	449 568	548 568	548 568	548 568	533 790	524 169	551 950

Total transfers to public entities decreased from R523 million in the 2010/11 financial year to R384.2 million in the 2011/12 financial year. Transfers to public entities reached a peak in the 2010/11 financial year due to the motorsport contract that was funded under Blue IQ Investment Holdings (Pty) Ltd.

In 2012/13 total transfers to public entities increase from R449.6 million in 2013/14 to R548.5 million due to the additional funding allocated to Blue IQ Investment Holdings (Pty) Ltd for the Nelson Mandela Centre of Memory and other job creation endeavors.

Over the 2014 MTEF the allocation decrease to R533.8 million in 2014/15 and increases to R552 million in 2016/17.

The allocation to the GEP escalates from R128.4 million in 2013/14 to R129.3 million in the 2014/15 financial year to cater for a targeted focus on providing support and training to informal businesses, SMMEs and cooperatives.

The Gauteng Tourism Authority (GTA) budget grows from R52 million in 2012/13 to R62 million in 2013/14 at a rate of 19 per cent for projects such as finalising the transfer and operating model for the Garankuwa Hotel School, the refurbishment of ramparts and interior office space at Constitution Hill and the state-of-the-art visitor information Centre. Furthermore, the GTA will intensify its goal of making Gauteng a preferred tourism destination. For 2014/15 the budget grows to R65.4 million and increases by R3 million when comparing it to the 2013/14 budget.







During the 2013/14 financial year the GEDA and Blue IQ were combined into one agency. The mandate of GEDA is infused into that of Blue IQ to form the Gauteng Growth and Development Agency (GGDA) where Blue IQ and GEDA will trade as a single entity. The budget of the two entities is combined in 2013/14, even though they are listed as separate entities over the MTEF. The Blue IQ (Pty) Ltd budget is intended for key projects such as metal and machinery sector development, the Gauteng Tooling Initiative, the BPO-O strategy and automotive sector development. In terms of developing the Constitution Hill Precinct as a lead project in city renewal and for the establishment of a struggle history route, the Nelson Mandela Centre of Memory will be developed as an anchor attraction to enhance the visitor experience. The Blue IQ Investment Holdings (Pty) Ltd budget grows from R255 million in 2010/11 to R302.3 million in 2013/14, in order to cater for the areas noted above. During the 2012/13 financial year Blue IQ Investment Holdings (Pty) Ltd received an additional R20 million for the Nissan project which stimulated job creation in the automotive sector.

The budget for the GEDA has declined by 15.2 per cent from R65 million during 2010/11 to R55.8 million in the 2013/14 financial year. Furthermore, over the 2014 MTEF the allocation for GEDA further declines from R55.8 million in 2014/15 to R30.5 million 2015/16 due to the plans in place to merge Blue IQ Investment Holdings (Pty) Ltd and GEDA into one public entity, the GGDA. Therefore the department envisages a reduction in operational costs since these two entities will share support services.

7.5.2 Transfers to other entities

TABLE 3.6: SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENTAL TRANSFERS TO OTHER ENTITIES

Outcome				Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Med	lium-term estimat	es
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
1. Cradle of Humankind	72 954	62 923	57 157	44 115	44 115	44 115	53 442	83 594	88 024
2. Dinokeng	71 598	32 613	48 100	42 139	42 139	42 139	37 736	65 587	65 588
3.Gauteng Liquor Board	28 590	15 100	32 670	28 781	28 781	28 781	30 255	31 438	33 104
Total departmental transfers to trading entities	173 142	110 636	137 927	115 035	115 035	115 035	121 433	180 619	186 717

The department has three trading entities and they all administered by the department.

The allocation for the Cradle of Humankind and Dinokeng fluctuates from R73 million and R71.6 million respectively in 2010/11 and R57.2 million and R48.1 million respectively in 2012/13. The main appropriation amounts to R44.1 million and R42.1 million for the respective entities. Over the MTEF the Cradle of Humankind allocation increases from R53.4 million in 2014/15 to R88 million in 2016/17 while Dinokeng's allocation first decreases to R37.7 million in 2014/15 before increasing to R65.6 million in 2016/17.

Gauteng Liquor Board is under Programme 4 within the departments and its budget is still managed by the department. The budget amounts to R28.6 million in 2010/11 and increases to R32.7 million in 2012/13 before decreasing to R28.8 million in 2013/14 main appropriation. Over the MTEF the budget increases to R30.3 million in 2014/15 and R33.1 million in 2016/17.

7.5.3 Transfers to local government

TABLE 3. 7: SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENTAL TRANSFERS TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT BY CATEGORY

	Outcome			Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates			
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	
Category A	19 300									
Category B	2 200									
Category C										
Total departmental transfers to local government	21 500									

These transfers relate to the development of local economies in partnership with key stakeholders by aligning local economic development (LED) initiatives with government programmes. The total transfers to local government in the 2010/11 financial year amounted to R21.5 million, of which R19.3 million were Category A transfers and R2.2 million were Category B transfers.

The department did not provide for any transfers to municipalities over the 2011 MTEF but provided non-financial support to local municipalities. This includes the implementation of the Gauteng LED Strategic Framework, in particular the capacity building programme, which will target stakeholders in municipalities.





8. PROGRAMME DESCRIPTION

PROGRAMME 1: ADMINISTRATION

Programme description

The purpose of the programme is to provide strategic leadership, support and transversal business solutions to enable the MEC, HOD and the DED Group to effectively and efficiently deliver on its mandate.

The transversal nature of the administration support functions means that, indirectly, the programme contributes to all five DED sstrategic goals set out in the revised strategic plan; however the programme directly leads delivery towards goal five which is to promote public accountability and achieve high standards of corporate governance and efficient resource utilisation.

Programme objectives

Towards achievement of the above goal, the programme level strategic objectives set out in the Strategic Plan are as follows:

- Financial accountability and compliance with all prescribed financial regulations and guidelines; and
- Employment equity targets achieved.

TABLE 3.7: SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES: ADMINISTRATION

	Outcome			Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates			
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	
1.Office of the MEC	9 903	14 079	13 973	10 240	11 635	11 635	16 167	18 561	19 545	
2.Office of the HOD	22 366	28 418	16 454	11 965	12 001	12 001	21 794	23 054	24 276	
3.Financial Management	16 178	13 116	18 599	16 199	19 870	20 654	22 422	26 850	28 318	
4.Corporate Services	77 887	73 823	80 838	89 303	88 507	87 365	110 996	103 475	104 959	
Total payments and estimates	126 334	129 436	129 864	127 707	132 013	131 655	171 379	171 940	177 098	

TABLE 3.8: SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENTAL PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: ADMINISTRATION

	Outcome			Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Med	lium-term estimat	es
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Current payments	116 885	124 154	121 273	117 960	121 439	121 439	152 111	152 720	156 859
Compensation of employees	45 942	56 201	55 157	74 665	74 867	74 867	86 994	87 669	88 360
Goods and services	70 943	67 929	66 116	43 295	46 572	46 572	65 117	65 051	68 499
Interest and rent on land		24							
Transfers and subsidies to	1 069	230	2 472		218	218			
Provinces and municipalities									
Departmental agencies and accounts	1 069	230	2 472		218	218			
Higher education institutions									
Foreign governments and international organisations									
Public corporations and private enterprises									
Non-profit institutions									
Households									
Payments for capital assets	1 082	4 814	6 091	9 747	10 356	9 998	19 268	19 220	20 239
Buildings and other fixed structures									
Machinery and equipment	1 082	4 794	5 733	9 747	10 356	9 998	19 268	19 220	20 239
Heritage Assets									
Specialised military assets									
Biological assets									
Land and sub-soil assets									
Software and other intangible assets		20	358						
Payments for financial assets	7 298	238	28						
Total economic classification	126 334	129 436	129 864	127 707	132 013	131 655	171 379	171 940	177 098





The administration budget remains relatively constant at R129.4 million and 129.9 million for the periods from 2011\12 to 2012/13. It increased from the 2013/14 main appropriation of R127.7 million to R171 million in the 2014/15 financial year due to the increase in personnel and the implementation of a new organogram for the department. Corporate Services received the biggest portion of the budget due to the provision of ICT support to the Department.

Under compensation of employees the budget increases from R45.9 million in 2010/11 to R55.2 million in 2012/13. It then increases from R74.7 million in 2013/14 to R86.9 million in 2014/15 due to the implementation of the recently approved organisational structure. In the outer year the compensation increases to R88.4 million.

The goods and services budget reduces from R70.9 million in 2010/11 to R66.1 million in 2012/13. Goods and services reduce even further by 34.5 per cent from R66 million in 2012/13 to R43.3 million in 2013/14 due to cost saving measures and channeling the budget towards job creation initiatives. Thereafter, the goods and services budget of the programme increase again to R65.1 million in 2014/15 and R68.5 million in 2016/17 after the planned implementation of the organisational structure.

Machinery and equipment starts from a low base of R1 million in 2010/11 and grows to R5.7 million in 2012/13 and R9.7 million in the main appropriation of 2013/14. Additional appointments under personnel in the 2014/15 financial year will require additional machinery and equipment with a budget of R19.2 million in the 2014/15 financial year and R20.2 million in 2016/17.

The administration programme will continue to focus on the achievement of the following targets in the 2014/2015 financial year:

- 5% variance between budget and actual expenditure;
- 3% representation of PwDs within the department's staff complement;
- 50% representation of Women in Senior Management positions within the department; and
- Payment of invoices within 30 days.

PROGRAMME 2: INTEGRATED ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

Programme description

As reflected in the revised Strategic Plan of the DED, the programme's aim is to facilitate equitable regional and local economic development and to promote and support business enterprises in priority sectors, guided by spatially referenced integrated economic and development planning, thereby contributing to the development of Gauteng into a competitive global city region.

The Integrated Economic Development Services Programme is a lead delivery programme for the DED's core mandate, and as such leads delivery towards the following DED Strategic Goal:

Goal 1: To provide integrated economic and development planning which informs spatially referenced regional and local economic development, and contributes to the development of Gauteng into a globally competitive city region.

Programme objectives

Towards achievement of the above goal, the programme level strategic objectives set out in the Strategic Plan are as follows:

- Youth employment programmes implemented;
- Regional and Local Economic Development; and
- SMME's and cooperatives supported financially and non-financially.

TABLE 3.9: SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES: INTERGRATED ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

	Outcome			Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates		
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Enterprise Development	132 329	97 435	111 142	133 623	133 002	133 002	139 485	145 311	157 808
2. Regional and Local Economic Development	23 759	2 950	4 864	3 354	3 087	3 087	14 503	20 626	20 924
3. Economic Empowerment	42 706	57 994	80 452	102 789	100 998	100 998	114 147	102 558	109 632
Total payments and estimates	198 794	158 379	196 458	239 766	237 087	237 087	268 135	268 495	288 364





TABLE 3.10: SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENTAL PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: INTERGRATED ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Med	ium-term estimat	es
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Current payments	45 621	64 313	86 124	110 988	108 582	108 582	138 209	141 993	155 157
Compensation of employees	2 533	3 174	18 008	6 058	8 433	8 433	19 757	33 034	39 501
Goods and services	43 088	61 139	68 116	104 930	100 149	100 149	118 452	108 959	115 656
Interest and rent on land									
Transfers and subsidies to	153 159	93 912	104 354	128 447	128 447	128 447	129 291	125 838	132 507
Provinces and municipalities	21 500								
Departmental agencies and accounts	131 659	93 912	104 300	128 447	128 447	128 447	129 291	125 838	132 507
Higher education institutions									
Foreign governments and international organisations									
Public corporations and private enterprises									
Non-profit institutions									
Households			54						
Payments for capital assets	14	154	71	331	58	58	635	664	699
Buildings and other fixed structures									
Machinery and equipment	14	154	71	331	58	58	635	664	699
Heritage Assets									
Specialised military assets									
Biological assets									
Land and sub-soil assets									
Software and other intangible assets									
Payments for financial assets			5 909						
Total economic classification	198 794	158 379	196 458	239 766	237 087	237 087	268 135	268 495	288 364

Expenditure from the 2010/11 financial year to the 2011/12 financial year was restated following the shift of the Development Planning function. The allocation for the 2012/13 financial year increased by R38 million because of an increase in personnel numbers and goods and services. Although there was an increase in the allocation from 2011/12 to 2012/13, during the adjustment budget of 2012/13 the budget declined slightly in line with the shift of the Development Planning function.

The allocation in this programme decreases from R198.8 million in 2010/11 to R196.5 million in 2012/13 before increasing to R239.8 million in 2013/14. Over the 2014 medium term, the budget increased from R268 million to R269 million and R288 million in order to cater for transfers to the GEP under the Enterprise Development subprogramme and support provided to local municipalities under the Regional and Local Economic Development sub-programme. Provision was made for projects in relation to the implementation of the GDED under the Economic Empowerment sub-programme projects such as Waste to Energy plant, establishment of bio digesters, and industrial waste energy.

The allocation for personnel grows from R2.5 million in 2010/11 to R18 million in 2012/13 before decreasing to R6.1 million in 2013/14. The personnel budget significantly increases by R19.7 million in 2014/15 to R33 million in the 2015/16 financial year due to the planned implementation of the recently approved organisational structure.

In the 2014/2015 financial year, 150 SMMEs will be supported financially and 1 800 SMMEs will be provided with non-financial support. The Cooperatives Assistance Program will continue, providing financial support to 70 Cooperatives and non-financial support will be provided to 300 Cooperatives.

The goods and services budget increased from R43 million in 2010/11 to R68 million in 2012/13. It then continued to increase from R104.9 million in 2013/14 to R118.5 million in the 2014/15 financial year to cater for projects in relation to job creation and the implementation of the GEGDS. The allocation fluctuates to R109 million in 2015/16 and R115.6 million in 2016/17.





SERVICE DELIVERY MEASURES

PROGRAMME 2: INTEGRATED ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

	E:	stimated annual targets	;
Performance measures	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Number of old township industrial sites regenerated	3	2	2
Number of youth businesses established	1000	1000	1000
Number of economic development projects supported at local and regional levels	4	4	4
Number of capacity building interventions to municipalities	4	4	4
Number of existing SMME's supported financially	105	115	127
Number of existing SMME's supported non-financially	1260	1386	1524
Number of new SMME's supported financially	45	165	180
Number of new SMME's supported non-financially	540	1800	1800
Number of existing cooperatives supported financially	70	100	100
Number of existing Cooperatives supported non-financially	210	231	254
Number of new Cooperatives supported financially	70	100	110
Number of new Cooperativess supported non-financially	90	130	150
Number of informal businesses supported	425	425	425

PROGRAMME 3: TRADE AND SECTOR DEVELOPMENT

Programme description

The programme's aim is to facilitate the implementation of strategic programmes that will stimulate and enhance the brand, competitiveness and social transformation of Gauteng; enhance trade and export promotion and attract investment; with the result being the creation of decent jobs, increased tourism, and a greener economy. This will be achieved as the programme seeks to increasingly integrate and upscale the work of its implementation agencies: GEDA, BLUE IQ, GTA and Dinokeng and the Cradle of Humankind World Heritage Site under an enhanced institutional arrangement and governance structure. This work is ongoing.

The aim of the programme will be achieved as it primarily drives:

- Sector and Industry Development to accelerate the development of high growth, competitive and labourabsorbing sectors to support the creation of decent jobs and global competitiveness
- Trade and Investment Promotion to attract DDI and FDI in identified markets and unlock increased trade opportunities on the African continent and across the globe
- Strategic Economic Infrastructure to invest in strategic economic infrastructure in targeted sectors, and to create an enabling environment for crowding-in strategic economic infrastructure; and
- A Greener Economy a sustainable economy by decoupling economic growth from resource usage.

The Trade and Sector Development Programme is a lead delivery programme for the DED's core mandate, and as such, leads delivery towards the following DED Strategic Goal:

Goal 2: To facilitate the implementation of strategic programmes that will stimulate and enhance the brand, competitiveness and social transformation of Gauteng, enhance trade and export promotion; and attract investment, with the result being the creation of decent jobs, increased tourism, and a greener economy.

Programme objectives

Towards achievement of the above goal, the programme level strategic objectives set out in the Strategic Plan and aligned to the 2014-2019 draft MTSF Outcome Plan are as follows:

- Inclusive equitable growth;
- Strategic economic infrastructure stimulating employment-led growth and development;
- Sustainable youth employment;
- Trade and investment promotion;
- Skills for the economy;
- Business regulation;
- Creative industries sector development to drive competitiveness and economic growth; and
- Trade and investment promotion.







TABLE 3.11: SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES: TRADE AND SECTOR DEVELOPMENT

	Outcome			Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates		
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
1.Trade and Investment Promotion	67 527	54 926	29 876	57 295	59 999	59 999	57 007	34 857	36 705
2.Sector Development	318 214	168 809	157 302	148 270	150 868	150 868	160 889	214 245	225 600
3.Strategic Initiatives	255 837	186 602	264 932	302 320	302 320	302 320	292 769	316 959	333 758
Total payments and estimates	641 578	410 337	452 110	507 885	513 187	513 187	510 665	566 061	596 063

TABLE 3.12: SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENTAL PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: TRADE AND SECTOR DEVELOPMENT

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates		
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Current payments	1 691	24 498	1 585	1 510	6 812	6 812	10 704	13 783	14 513
Compensation of employees	1 654	399		1 352	6 654	6 654	10 634	13 693	14 419
Goods and services	37	24 099	1 585	158	158	158	70	90	95
Interest and rent on land									
Transfers and subsidies to	639 887	385 839	450 525	506 375	506 375	506 375	499 961	552 278	581 549
Provinces and municipalities									
Departmental agencies and accounts	639 887	385 839	450 525	506 375	506 375	506 375	499 961	552 278	581 549
Higher education institutions									
Foreign governments and international organisations									
Public corporations and private enterprises									
Non-profit institutions									
Households									
Payments for capital assets									
Buildings and other fixed structures									
Machinery and equipment									
Heritage Assets									
Specialised military assets									
Biological assets									
Land and sub-soil assets									
Software and other intangible assets									
Payments for financial assets			_						
Total economic classification	641 578	410 337	452 110	507 885	513 187	513 187	510 665	566 061	596 063

The main appropriation for 2010/11 amounts to R641.6 million and decreases to R410.3 million in 2011/12 due to number of projects transferred to Blue IQ (Pty) Ltd for the motorsports contract.

In the 2012/13 financial year, the total allocation grows from R452 million to R507.9 million in the 2013/14 financial year with an increase of R55.7 million. The allocation subsequently decreases to R510 million in 2014/15, before increasing to R566 million in 2015/16 and R596 million in 2016/17. The biggest portion of the allocation is reflected under the sub-program Strategic initiative and Sector Development due to the transfer to GGDA, GTA (Cradle of Human kind and Dinokeng) of which all entities are under the control of the Department which implements various projects on its behalf.

The department will continue with skills development initiatives in the 2014/2015 financial year as part of its contribution to Outcome 5 coordinated by the Gauteng Department of Education. The skills initiatives will be in the furniture, fashion, automotive, ICT metal fabrications, and tourism and green economy sectors.

The budget for compensation of employees increases from R1.3 million in 2013/14 to R10.6 million in 2014/15 and further increases to R14.4 million in 2016/17.







SERVICE DELIVERY MEASURES

PROGRAMME 3: TRADE AND SECTOR DEVELOPMENT

		Estimated annual targets	
Performance measures	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Airport City (ORTIA) - stimulating mineral beneficiation	80% (phase 1 top structure completed:	80% implementation — Construction	90% Implementation
% completion of the JMP bulk infrastructure	bulk development completed)	00% implementation — construction	70% implementation
to completion of the 3ML book illinastroctore		phase 2 top structure completed and operations initiated	Practical completion and snagging
BioPark Facility	100% completion of phase 1 ready for	50 % Phase 2 Construction	100% construction and phase 2
% completion of the establishment of a BioPark facility	occupation		
Nissan Investment Support Programme	100% completion of Nissan incubator and training facility		
% completion of Nissan incubator and training facility		2000/ /2	050/ /5
NASREC Precinct Development % Completion of Special Economic Zone (SEZ) business case	100 % (Business Case Development Completed)	100% (Business Case completed and Sword turning)	25% (Construction of bulk infrastructure completed)
Automotive Supplier Park	Mini Factory Phase 1A 100% completed	Secure tenants for second phase of mini factory	Secure one automotive OEM
% Completion of ASP Infrastructure (Mini Factory Phase 1A))	0/ C Let [ACD] [/Att.	Tuctory	
Automotive Supplier Park	% Completion of ASP Infrastructure (Mini Factory Phase 2)		
% Completion of ASP Infrastructure (Mini Factory Phase 2)	,	D. c. IC Le	Following 10 1 mm
Investing in Tourism Infrastructure	(80% completed)	Practical Completion	Final Completion and Handover (issuing of final certificate — dependent on defec
% - Construction of Phase 2 of Visitor centre completed	Phase 2 of the construction of the Visitor Centre Completed	(construction 100% completed, and commencement of snagging and consequent defect period)	period as per contract)
Furniture sector development			
Number of Furniture Craftsmen and designers trained	30	30	30
Mineral Beneficiation and Jewellery Fabrication			
Number of students graduating from JMP training	15	15	15
Automotive sector development			
Number of beneficiaries from Mentorship programme for body	/0		
repair shops	60	60	0
Automotive sector development Number of people trained at FORD SIMULATOR and Training			
Notifier of people trained at FORD SIMULATOR and Training Academy	200	200	200
Tourism skills development			
Number of people trained in Tourism Skills	1100	1150	1200
No of people trained at the Gauteng Automotive Training Academy (GATA)	900	1000	1000
Number of individuals reached through appropriate training	00	100	100
programmes CoachLab Metal fabrication skills development	90	100	120
Number of students benefiting from foundry skills development	20	20	
training Metal fabrication skills development		20	
Number of students benefiting from tooling artisan training	250 (1st year)	250 (2nd year)	250 (3rd year)
programme Maxum at TIH	250 (131 your)	230 (Ziiu yōdi)	ZJO (Jiu ydui)
Number of companies in pre-incubation	26	26	26
Maxum at TIH	120	120	120
Number of companies in incubation	16	16	10
Open Innovation Solution Exchange	1	1	
Number of OISE innovations challenges posted on the platform	8	8	8
Open Innovation Solution Exchange	-	1	-
Number of new technology offers for incubation (GIC & OISE)	5	6	6
mLab / ICT Mobile applications development			
Number of new developers supported in M/lab	20	20	20
mLab / ICT Mobile applications development			
Number of new mobile apps to be developed	20	20	20
apps to be deteleped	1	1 = -	1 =-







2014/15 -EPRE • Vote 3 - Economic Development

		Estimated annual targets	
Performance measures	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
mLab / ICT Mobile applications development			
Number of innovations commercialised	4	5	6
Number of entrepreneurs supported through leveraged funds	12	12	12
Climate Innovation Centre at TIH			
Number of Green companies receiving technical advisory services from \ensuremath{CIC} .	30	40	50
Climate Innovation Centre at TIH			
Number of Green companies incubated through CIC	20	25	30
Gauteng Accelerator Programme — BioSciences (GAP)			
Number of technologies identified for incubation through Gauteng			
Accelerator Programme	14	14	14
Waste to Energy projects			
% Completion of the feasibility study of waste to energy plant in Sedibeng and West Rand	5	5	5
Visitor Information Centres			
Number of operational Visitor Information Centres (VICs)	1	1	1
Tourism Association meetings and exhibitions			
Number of MICE hosted in Gauteng	40	40	40
Tourism Signature Events	10	10	10
•			
Number of annual signature events hosted	10	10	12
Tourism Coops support			
Number of co-operatives supported	2	2	2
Fashion industries sector development.			
Number of designers showcasing at the Fashion Week	4	6	6
Fashion industries sector development.			
Number of designers showcasing at the Trade EXPO	20	30	40
Fashion industries sector development.			
Number of designers employed by the industry through the Fast Track Programme	3	4	5
Fashion industries sector development.			
Number of designers receiving trade (orders) through the Fast Track Programme	3	3	5
Fashion industries sector development.			
Number of designers receiving business mentorship	8	12	16
Direct permanent jobs created through DED programmes	3552	3552	3552
Direct temporary jobs created through DED programmes	1103	1103	1103
Number of FDI investments directly facilitated	5	5	5
Rand value of FDI investments directly facilitated	R60 million		
		R70 million	R80 million
Number of DDI investments directly facilitated	6	6	6
Rand value of DDI investments directly facilitated	R50 million		
		R51 million	R53 million
Number of companies assisted to expand	5	7	9
Number of companies retained	5	7	9
Number of inbound missions hosted at the GBIC	57	62	69
Number of enterprises supported to be export ready per annum	100	110	121
Rand Value of Trade Deals secured through Export Promotion	R110 million	R121 million	R133 million
Number of targeted trade and investment engagements with Gauteng.	8	13	15
Number of targeted missions to rest of the world	10	10	10
No of firms assisted to access DTI export support programmes and incentive	35	35	45
No of firms assisted to secure trade deals through Export Promotion	18	18	20
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PROGRAMME 4: BUSINESS REGULATION AND GOVERNANCE

Programme description

The programme's aim is to implement and promote measures that ensure the rights and interests of consumers; to promote and maintain governance, regulation and compliance in and by the gambling and liquor industries; and to monitor and evaluate the impact of BBBEE strategies in Gauteng. The programme is primarily concerned with the regulatory mandates prescribed by the relevant acts and regulations ,it however actively seeks to add value by ensuring that compliance is not malicious, but rather brings benefit to the people of Gauteng, and promotes decent work, sustainable livelihoods and safer and more inclusive communities.

The Business Regulation and Governance Programme is a lead delivery programme of the DED's core mandate, and as such leads delivery towards the following DED Strategic Goal:

Goal 3: To promote an efficient, equitable and socially responsible business environment.

Programme objectives

Towards achievement of the above goal, the programme level strategic objectives set out in the Strategic Plan are as follows:

- Effective governance and regulation of the liquor industry, ensuring ethical business practice and empowered stakeholders;
- Effective governance and regulation of the gambling industry, ensuring ethical business practice and empowered stakeholders;
- Effective regulation for increased levels of consumer protection;
- Effective regulation and monitoring of the implementation of the GPG BBBEE sstrategy; and
- Enhanced integration and accountability through effective and efficient planning and oversight, and compliance with corporate governance principles.

TABLE 3.13: SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES: BUSINESS REGULATION AND GOVERNANCE

Outcome			Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Med	ium-term estimat	es	
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
1.Governance	9 746	12 306	16 297	14 645	8 356	8 356	12 549	10 675	11 241
2.Regulation Services	1 829	2 602	1 542	3 947	2 498	2 498	8 600	9 226	9 715
3.Consumer Protection	12 520	13 084	16 225	16 786	19 825	19 825	30 288	32 968	34 397
4.Liquor Regulation	28 590	15 100	32 670	28 781	28 781	28 781	30 255	31 438	33 104
Total payments and estimates	52 685	43 092	66 734	64 159	59 460	59 460	81 692	84 307	88 458

TABLE 3.14: SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENTAL PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION:BUSINESS REGULATION AND GOVERNANCE

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Med	ium-term estima	tes
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Current payments	23 769	27 665	33 578	41 489	36 790	36 790	51 437	58 980	61 788
Compensation of employees	21 142	23 173	28 973	30 631	25 096	25 096	45 742	47 115	49 294
Goods and services	2 627	4 492	4 605	10 858	11 694	11 694	5 695	11 865	12 494
Interest and rent on land									
Transfers and subsidies to	28 590	15 113	32 707	22 670	22 670	22 670	30 255	25 327	26 669
Provinces and municipalities									
Departmental agencies and accounts	28 590	15 100	32 670	22 670	22 670	22 670	30 255	25 327	26 669
Higher education institutions									
Foreign governments and international organisations									
Public corporations and private enterprises									
Non-profit institutions									
Households		13	37						
Payments for capital assets	326	314	51						
Buildings and other fixed structures									
Machinery and equipment	326	314	51						
Heritage Assets									
Specialised military assets									
Biological assets									
Land and sub-soil assets									
Software and other intangible assets									
Payments for financial assets			398						
Total economic classification	52 685	43 092	66 734	64 159	59 460	59 460	81 692	84 307	88 458







The total expenditure in this programme decreased from R52.6 million in 2010/11 to R66.7 million in the 2012/13 financial year. The allocation for the 2013/14 main appropriation amounted to R64.2 million. During the 2012/13 financial year the Gauteng Liquor Board received a total of R32.7 million for business process reengineering, compensation of employees and other operational costs.

Over the 2014 MTEF the total programme budget increased from R81.6 million in 2014/15 to R88.4 million in the 2016/17 financial year. The budget allocated to the sub-programme Liquor Regulation is to fund the personnel costs of the Gauteng Liquor Board and priority projects such as the finalisation and implementation of the Automated Liquor Licensing System (ALLS), intensifying liquor abuse education and awareness programmes and increasing the number of inspections in order to enforce compliance. The goods and services budget also caters for workshops such as Disability, Spend Wisely Campaigns, World Consumer Right Month, Savings Month Campaign, Youth Month, Human Rights, and Workers' Month. The Consumer protection and awareness sub-programme increases to R30.2 million in the 2014/15 financial year from the main budget of R16.7 million in 2013/14.

The number of consumer complaints resolved per annum will increase from 1 796 to 1 800 in the upcoming financial year. Emphasis will also be on consumer education programmes and so the number of programs will be increased from 70 to 250.

The number of liquor licenses issued will be maintained at 2 000 licenses per annum in the 2014/2015 financial year.

SERVICE DELIVERY MEASURES

PROGRAMME 4: BUSINESS REGULATION AND GOVERNANCE

		Estimated annual targets	
Performance measures	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Number of applications received per annum (GLB)	2 000	2 000	2 000
Number of licenses issued per annum (GLB)	2 000	2 000	2 000
Number of inspections per annum (GLB)	2 700	2800	2 900
Number of pre -inspections conducted per annum (GLB)	1 600	1 700	1 800
Number of Awareness Programmes conducted per annum (GLB)	110	120	130
Number of people reached through awareness programmes per annum (GLB)	5.5 million	6 million	6.5 million
Number of social responsibility programmes conducted (GLB)	1	1	1
% of gambling licenses issued (approved) per annum (GGB)	500	500	500
Percentage of applications processed within the standard time frames (GGB)	100%	100%	100%
% of disputes processed within the standard time frames (GGB)	100%	100%	100%
Number of compliance audits conducted on gambling licensees per annum (GGB)	158	158	158
Number of inspections conducted per annum (GGB)	102	102	102
Number of planned raids conducted per annum (GGB)	36	36	36
% Spend on goods and services from Service Providers complying with PPPF Legislation (GGB)	75%	80%	80%
Number of awareness programmes conducted (GGB)	5	5	5
Number of people reached with messaging on the dangers of gambling (GGB)	120 000	120 000	120 000
Number of consumer complaints received per annum	2 198	2 418	2 660
Number of Consumer Complaints resolved per annum	1 800	1 980	2 178
Number of consumer education programs (workshops) conducted per annum	250	300	350
Number of target groups specific opportunities identified	24	26	28
Number of target groups specific interventions	24	26	28
	HDI: 80%	HDI: 80%	HDI: 80%
	Women: 30%	Women: 30%	Women: 30%
	Youth: 10%	Youth: 10%	Youth: 10%
% Compliance to GPG BBBEE Preferential Procurement targets per annum	PWD: 5%	PWD: 5%	PWD: 5%
Percentage spend on local procurement	75%	75%	75%
Number of agency performance reports received and analysed	16	16	16





PROGRAMME 5: ECONOMIC PLANNING

Programme description

The Economic Planning programme's aim is to provide thought leadership in economic planning, which results in an integrated economic development agenda that ensures the creation of decent jobs and a sustainable, inclusive economy in Gauteng.

As such, the Economic Planning Programme is a lead delivery programme for the DED's core mandate, and leads delivery towards the following DED Strategic Goal:

Goal 3: To act as an economic intelligence nerve-centre to inform strategic decision making and targeted sector development strategies.

Programme objectives

Towards achievement of the above goal, the programme level strategic oobjectives set out in the Strategic Plan are as follows:

- Credible and relevant socio-economic intelligence that supports the economic development agenda;
- Enhanced collective ownership by municipalities of the Gauteng economic agenda;
- Evidence-based economic policies and targeted strategies; and
- Impact of economic interventions vis-a-vis the implementation of policies and strategies assessed.

TABLE 3.15: SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES: ECONOMIC PLANNING

Outcome			Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Med	ium-term estima	tes	
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
1.Policy and Planning	4 319	4 357	8 198	8 330	7 060	7 060	10 877	12 089	12 730
2.Research and Development	3 894	7 100	4 809	7 829	8 316	8 316	10 203	11 546	12 158
3.Knowledge Management	690	3 502	3 025	4 625	1 969	1 969	10 919	11 622	12 238
4.Monitoring and Evaluation	1 735	3 192	12 173	7 250	4 261	4 261	8 791	9 839	10 360
Total payments and estimates	10 638	18 151	28 205	28 034	21 606	21 606	40 790	45 096	47 487

TABLE 3.16: SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENTAL PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: ECONOMIC PLANNING

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medi	ım-term estimat	es
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13			2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Current payments	10 423	17 990	23 049	27 698	21 596	21 596	40 501	44 795	47 169
Compensation of employees	9 101	8 088	8 166	12 080	9 938	9 938	27 413	32 490	34 212
Goods and services	1 322	9 902	14 883	15 618	11 658	11 658	13 088	12 305	12 957
Interest and rent on land									
Transfers and subsidies to			56		10	10			
Provinces and municipalities									
Departmental agencies and accounts									
Higher education institutions									
Foreign governments and international organisations									
Public corporations and private enterprises									
Non-profit institutions									
Households			56		10	10			
Payments for capital assets	215	161		336			289	302	318
Buildings and other fixed structures									
Machinery and equipment	215	161		336			289	302	318
Heritage Assets									
Specialised military assets									
Biological assets									
Land and sub-soil assets									
Software and other intangible assets									
Payments for financial assets			5 100						
Total economic classification	10 638	18 151	28 205	28 034	21 606	21 606	40 790	45 096	47 487

Total expenditure of the programme increase from R10.6 million in the 2010/11 financial year to R18.2 million in 2011/12, increasing again to R28 million in the 2012/13 financial year as a result of the additional research work completed under the Research and Development sub-programme. The 2013/14 main appropriation amounts to R28 million.





Over the 2014 MTEF the total programme budget grows from R40.8 million in 2014/15 to R45.1 million in 2015/16 and to R47.8 million in 2016/17.

Compensation for this programme fluctuates from R9.1 million in 2010/11 and decreases to R8.2 million in 2012/13 before increasing to R12 million in the 2013/14 main appropriation. The compensation budget increases from R27 million in 2014/15 to R32 million in the 2015/16 financial year due to the additional funding for the implementation of a new organogram for the Department.

Goods and services grow from R1.3 million in 2010/11 to R14.9 million in 2012/13. A slight decrease in the goods and services budget is evident from R15.6 million in 2013/14 to R13.1 million in the 2014/15 financial year due to the implementation of cost cutting measures. The focus of the programme is the development of evidence-based policies and tracking the contribution of the implementation of the GEGDS.

In the 2014/2015 financial year this programme will continue to be the economic intelligence nerve-centre, informing strategic decision making and targeted sector development strategies within the Department. In this regard, the number of provincial economic intelligence reports produced quarterly will be maintained during the upcoming financial year.

SERVICE DELIVERY MEASURES

PROGRAMME 5: ECONOMIC PLANNING

		Estimated annual targets	
Performance measures	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Number of provincial economic intelligence reports produced	4	5	5
Number of Research Reports	5	6	6
Number of research and development initiatives supported	6	5	5
Number of economic strategies developed	1	1	
Number of strategies reviewed	1	1	3
Number of strategic programmes developed	1	1	1
Number of monitoring reports produced	1	1	1
Number of evaluation reports produced	1	1	1

9. OTHER PROGRAMME INFORMATION

9.1 Personnel numbers and costs

TABLE 3.18: PERSONNEL NUMBERS AND COSTS: ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Personnel numbers	As at 31 March 2011	As at 31 March 2012	As at 31 March 2013	As at 31 March 2014	As at 31 March 2015	As at 31 March 2016	As at 31 March 2017
1.Administration	168	185	152	154	154	154	149
2.Integrated Economic Development Services	54	82	43	23	29	46	47
3.Trade And Sector Development	6	1		2	2	2	2
4. Business Regulation And Governance	77	70	66	64	68	100	113
5.Economic Planning	33	28	21	35	52	69	65
Total departmental personnel numbers	338	366	282	278	305	371	376
Total provincial personnel cost (R thousand)	80 372	91 036	110 304	124 988	190 540	214 001	225 786
Unit cost (R thousand)	238	249	391	397	625	577	600

TABLE 3.19: SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENTAL PERSONNEL NUMBERS AND COSTS

TABLE 3.17. JUMIMART OF DEL	AKTIMENTAL TEKOC	MINEL MOMBERS	AND COSIS						
	Outcome			Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates		
	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Total for department									
Personnel numbers (head count)	338	366	282	278	305	371	305	371	376
Personnel cost (R thousands)	80 372	91 036	110 304	124 786	124 988	124 988	190 540	214 001	225 786
Human resources component									
Personnel numbers (head count)	52	17	52	58	58	58	60	63	66
Personnel cost (R thousands)	10 250	3 351	10 250	10 558	10 558	10 558	10 769	10 876	11 452
Head count as % of total for department	15.38%	4.64%	18.44%	20.86%	19.02%	15.63%	19.67%	16.98%	17.55%







TABLE 3.19: SUMMARY OF DEPARTMENTAL PERSONNEL NUMBERS AND COSTS

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates		
	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Personnel cost as % of total for department	12.75%	3.68%	9.29%	8.46%	8.45%	8.45%	5.65%	5.08%	5.07%
Finance component									
Personnel numbers (head count)	34	35	35	34	34	34	35	40	43
Personnel cost (R thousands)	10 009	10 303	10 824	11 149	11 149	11 149	11 372	11 486	12 095
Head count as % of total for department	10%	10%	12%	12%	11%	9%	11%	11%	11%
Personnel cost as % of total for department	12%	11%	10%	9%	9%	9%	6%	5%	5%
Full time workers									
Personnel numbers (head count)	338	366	282	278	305	371	305	371	376
Personnel cost (R thousands)	80 372	91 036	110 304	124 786	124 988	124 988	190 540	214 001	225 786
Head count as % of total for department	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Personnel cost as % of total for department	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Part-time workers									
Personnel numbers (head count)			9						
Personnel cost (R thousands)			400						
Head count as % of total for department			3.19%						
Personnel cost as % of total for department			0.36%						
Contract workers									
Personnel numbers (head count)	55	55	85						
Personnel cost (R thousands)	14 334	12 933	21 142						
Head count as % of total for department	16.27%	15.03%	30.14%						
Personnel cost as % of total for department	17.83%	14.21%	19.17%						

Personnel numbers for the 2014/15 financial year and over MTEF will increase due to the implementation of the newly approved structure. The vacant positions on the new structure will be filled in a phased approach based on the availability of the compensation budget and also based on the criticality of the position.

9.2 Training

TABLE 3.20 : PAYMENTS ON TRAINING

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates		
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
1. Administration	3 107	954	1 186	452	452	452	2 310	3 237	3 237
Subsistence and travel									
Payments on tuition	154	379	300	140	140	140	1 076	1 124	1 124
Other	2 953	575	886	312	312	312	1 234	2 113	2 113
2. Integrated Economic Development Services	56	42	24	452	452	452	578	810	809
Subsistence and travel			18						
Payments on tuition	30	18		140	140	140	269	281	281
Other	26	24	6	312	312	312	309	529	528
3. Trade And Sector Development			10						
Subsistence and travel			10						
Payments on tuition									
Other									
4. Business Regulation And Governance	97	75	48	452	452	452	578	810	809
Subsistence and travel			48						
Payments on tuition	97	34		312	140	140	269	281	281
Other		41		140	312	312	309	529	528
5. Economic Planning	163	128	131	452	452	452	578	810	809
Subsistence and travel			131						





TABLE 3.20: PAYMENTS ON TRAINING

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Med	lium-term estimat	es
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Payments on tuition	22	36		140	140	140	269	281	281
Other	141	92		312	312	312	309	529	528
Total payments on training	3 423	1 199	1 399	1 808	1 808	1 808	4 044	5 667	5 664

TABLE 3.21: INFORMATION ON TRAINING

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates		
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Number of staff	338	366	282	320	320	278	305	371	368
Number of personnel trained	300	277	302	302	388	388	400	420	440
of which									
Male	100	86	130	130	164	164	164	174	184
Female	200	191	172	172	224	224	236	246	256
Number of training opportunities	87	111	399	421	430	400	720	780	780
of which									
Tertiary	54	85	68	75	75	75	80	85	85
Workshops	31	16	321	321	330	300	550	600	600
Seminars	2	10	10	10	10	10	75	80	80
Other				15	15	15	15	15	15
Number of bursaries offered	54	85	70	75	75	75	80	85	85
Number of interns appointed	50	38	33	45	20	15	50	55	55
Number of learnerships appointed	25	12		66	66	66	70	75	80
Number of days spent on training	348	444	963	1 308	1 515	1 425	2 550	2 595	2 595

The department will be up-skilling employees placed and matched into the newly approved structure to ensure that they are fully capacitated to deliver on the mandate of the Department. In addition, as per the directive from the department of Public Service and Administration (DPSA), all employees appointed from 01 July 2012 must attend compulsory one year induction with the National School Of Governance and the department is responsible for the cost thereof through the allocated training budget. It is also anticipated that the cost of the induction programme will increase due to the implementation of the newly approved structure. The department will also award bursaries to employees, especially those appointed on lower levels (1-12), to ensure proper succession planning and retention of skills. The Department also spends the training budget on development of Graduate trainees that are mostly placed in the core business units.

10. CROSS CUTTING ISSUES

	Programme and	Indicator/	Output	Outcome		MTEF BUDGET	
Cross Cutting Issue	subprogram me	Measure				R thousand	
					2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
	Human Capital Management	50%of females on SMS level	Improve growth and access for females within the workplace	Employment of Females on SMS positions	R4 000 000	R3 000 000	R2 000 000
Women							
Youth	Human Capital Management	Number of Female youth appointed on internship programmes	To provide work readiness experience for the Female Youth of Gauteng	Increase employability chances for the Female youth of Gauteng	R4 860 000	R4 960 000	R5 450 000
TOUTH	Human Capital Management	Number of Male youth appointed on internship programmes	To provide work readiness experience for the male Youths of Gauteng	Increase employability chances for the male youth of Gauteng	R540 000	R594 000	R653 400
	Human Capital Management	Number of bursaries awarded to internal employees	To ensure proper succession planning, up skilling and retention of employees	Retention of employees and management of succession pipeline	R610 000	R670 000	R700 000
People with Disabilities	Human Capital Management	% of people with disabilities employed	Improve access for people with disabilities into the workplace	Improved Employment of people with Disabilities	R1 200 000	R2 000 000	R2 800 000







ANNEXURES TO THE ESTIMATES OF PROVINCIAL REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE







TABLE 3.22 SPECIFICATION OF RECEIPTS:ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Med	ium-term estimat	tes
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Tax receipts	616 636	612 939	719 343	708 573	708 573	708 573	758 506	804 017	846 630
Casino taxes	585 980	580 337	684 364	622 371	622 371	622 371	666 229	706 204	743 633
Horse racing taxes	30 656	32 602	34 979	86 202	86 202	86 202	92 277	97 813	102 997
Liquor licences									
Motor vehicle licences									
Sales of goods and services other than capital assets	311	125	288						
Sale of goods and services produced by department (excluding capital assets)	311	125	288						
Sales by market establishments									
Administrative fees									
Other sales	311	125	288						
Of which									
List Item	311	125	288						
List Item									
List Item									
List Item									
Sales of scrap, waste, arms and other used current goods (excluding capital assets)									
Transfers received from:									
Other governmental units									
Universities									
Foreign governments									
International organisations									
Public corporations and private enterprises									
Households and non-profit institutions									
Fines, penalties and forfeits									
Interest, dividends and rent on land	2 706	1 579	2 006	1 878	1 878	1 878	1 991	2 111	2 223
Interest	2 706	1 579	2 006	1 878	1 878	1 878	1 991	2 111	2 223
Dividends									
Rent on land									
Sales of capital assets		47							
Land and sub-soil assets Other capital assets		47							
Transactions in financial assets and liabilities	(54 525)	79	218	250	250	250	265	277	292
Total departmental receipts	565 128	614 769	721 855	710 701	710 701	710 701	760 762	806 405	849 145

TABLE 3.23: PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: ADMINISTRATION

IABLE 3.23: FAIMENTS AND ESTIN	MAIES DI ECONOR	NIC CLASSIFICATION	ON: ADMINISTR	ATION					
		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Med	lium-term estimat	tes
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Current payments	116 885	124 154	121 273	117 960	121 439	121 439	152 111	152 720	156 859
Compensation of employees	45 942	56 201	55 157	74 665	74 867	74 867	86 994	87 669	88 360
Salaries and wages	39 409	48 453	47 091	63 658	63 856	63 784	70 078	70 613	70 355
Social contributions	6 533	7 749	8 066	11 007	11 011	11 083	16 916	17 056	18 005
Goods and services	70 943	67 929	66 116	43 295	46 572	46 572	65 117	65 051	68 499
Administrative fees	124	189	120	219	219	219	219	230	242
Advertising	1 486	2 315	4 083	2 110	4 533	4 533	2 776	2 959	3 116
Assets less than the capitalisation threshold	83	110	55	160	160	160	155	162	171
Audit cost: External	3 050	2 416	3 092	2 554	2 392	2 392	2 325	3 050	3 212
Bursaries: Employees	156	379	369	509	509	509	1 076	1 124	1 184





TABLE 3.23: PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: ADMINISTRATION

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Med	dium-term estima	tes
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Catering: Departmental activities	366	1 010	1 239	617	807	807	1 103	1 154	1 215
Communication (G&S)	3 417	4 240	6 874	1 470	3 047	5 447	1 609	1 265	1 332
Computer services	5 110	5 320	4 827	807	1 235	1 235	847	886	933
Consultants and professional services: Business and advisory services	7 224	15 031	7 524	7 767	511	511	8 936	9 788	10 307
Consultants and professional									
services: Legal costs	2 408	1 737	3 511	3 195	3 195	3 195	4 590	4 801	5 055
Contractors	104	4 470	1 245	1 704	1 204	1 204	4 024	5 428	5 716
Agency and support / outsourced services	4 579	1 093	391	418	258	258	2 442	2 054	2 163
Entertainment	32	91	31	137	36	36	76	79	83
Fleet services (including government motor transport)		637	1 119	100	238	1 838	98	103	108
Housing									
Inventory: Clothing material and accessories									
Inventory: Farming supplies	50	07.4	242		3.40	3.40	010	100	10/
Inventory: Food and food supplies	59	214	340	112	162	162	210	120	126
Inventory: Fuel, oil and gas Inventory: Learner and teacher support material									
Inventory: Materials and supplies	91	94	417	65	164	129	135	141	148
Inventory: Medical supplies				82	82	82	92	96	101
Inventory: Medicine	1								
Medsas inventory interface									
Inventory: Other supplies									
Consumable supplies	115	186	292	109	269	160			
Consumable: Stationery,printing									
and office supplies	1 857	2 306	3 701	729	2 483	2 627	1 241	6 127	6 452
Operating leases	21 941	540	2 721	11 605	11 172	11 152	20 445	11 566	12 179
Property payments	9 607	17 185	16 528	3 569	8 789	4 769	3 732	3 845	4 049
Transport provided: Departmental activity					10	10			
Travel and subsistence	5 241	5 141	4 679	1 552	1 852	1 852	4 620	3 936	4 145
Training and development	2 953	576	825	1 198	1 198	1 198	1 200	2 077	2 187
Operating payments	31	366	448	1 075	1 075	1 095	1 419	1 484	1 563
Venues and facilities	908	2 286	1 685	982	972	972	1 269	2 059	2 168
Rental and hiring				450		20	478	517	544
Interest and rent on land		24							
Interest									
Rent on land		24							
Transfers and subsidies	1 069	230	2 472		218	218			
Provinces and municipalities Provinces									
Non-profit institutions									
Households	1 069	230	2 472		218	218			
Social benefits	1 069	230	2 472		218	218			
Other transfers to households									
Payments for capital assets	1 082	4 814	6 091	9 747	10 356	9 998	19 268	19 220	20 239
Buildings and other fixed structures									
Buildings Other fixed structures									
Machinery and equipment	1 082	4 794	5 733	9 747	10 356	9 998	19 268	19 220	20 239
Transport equipment									
Other machinery and equipment	1 082	4 794	5 733	9 747	10 356	9 998	19 268	19 220	20 239
Heritage Assets									
Specialised military assets									
Biological assets									
Land and sub-soil assets									









			Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates			
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2016/17
Software and other intangible assets		20	358						
Payments for financial assets	7 298	237	28						
Thefts and losses	7 298	237	28						
Total economic classification:	126 334	129 435	129 864	127 707	132 013	131 655	171 379	171 940	177 098

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Med	ium-term estimat	es
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	201/17
Current payments	45 621	64 313	86 124	110 988	108 582	108 582	138 209	141 993	155 157
Compensation of employees	2 533	3 174	18 008	6 058	8 433	8 433	19 757	33 034	39 501
Salaries and wages	2 260	2 837	16 463	5 646	8 021	8 021	17 207	29 007	35 037
Social contributions	273	337	1 545	412	412	412	2 550	4 027	4 464
Goods and services	43 088	61 139	68 116	104 930	100 149	100 149	118 452	108 959	115 656
Administrative fees	3	6	40	37	37	37	166	41	43
Advertising		35	18	188	39	39	78	603	154
Assets less than the capitalisation threshold		4	12				334	753	793
Audit cost: External									
Bursaries: Employees	26	18		50					
Catering: Departmental activities	32	51	234	94	293	361	213	214	211
Communication (G&S)	48	55					300	614	647
Computer services	2 646	9	1 311		7	7	552	777	818
Consultants and professional services: Business and advisory services	40 061	57 458	61 575	1 060	47 358	47 358	2 053	2 430	2 396
Consultants and professional services: Infrastructure and planning									
Consultants and professional services: Legal costs									
Contractors		10	34	96 388	51 988	51 988	107 488	102 008	109 052
Agency and support / outsourced services	82			97		(86)	104	132	139
Entertainment	1			79	11	(68)	25	27	28
Fleet services (including government motor transport)									
Housing Inventory: Clothing material and accessories									
Inventory: Farming supplies									
Inventory: Food and food supplies	4	21		10	10		30	87	92
Inventory: Fuel, oil and gas									
Inventory: Learner and teacher support material									
Inventory: Materials and supplies		4	2	72		40	71	72	18
Inventory: Medical supplies									
Inventory: Medicine									
Medsas inventory interface									
Inventory: Other supplies									
Consumable supplies	1	8			3	3			
Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies	18	88	394	132	38	61	179	259	273
Operating leases	85	1 430	218	178	22	(156)	6 234	199	210
Property payments Transport provided: Departmental		107				222			
activity		107	17/0	0.5	015	015	000	410	100
Travel and subsistence	57	197	1 740	215	215	215	392	410	432
Training and development Operating payments	24	9 22	53 62	50 6 110	13	13	34	36	38





TABLE 3.24: PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: INTERGRATED ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

Nemotic of Inciling 1 607 2 423 170 115 115 199 297			Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted Revised appropriation estimate		Medium-term estimates		
Restrict and history Interest and earlier and rest and restrictions and restricti	R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	201/17
	Venues and facilities		1 607	2 423	170	115	115	199	297	31
Transfers and subsidies 153 159 93 912 104 354 128 447 128 447 128 447 129 991 125 838 13 13 15 15 15 15 15 15	Rental and hiring									
Transfers and subsidies 153 159 93 912 104 354 128 447 128 447 129 291 125 838 13	Interest and rent on land									
Transfers and subsidies	Interest									
Provinces and manistipalities 71 500 Provinces Provinces Provinces Provinces Provinces Provinces Provinces Provinced revene funds Provinces Provinced revene funds Provinces Provinced revene funds Provinces Provinced revene funds Provinces Provinced adjunction and funds Pully funds	Rent on land									
Provincial Revenue Funds Municipal Back accounts Municipal Back accounts All Americal Pages of and shall be part through a second for shall be part through a sec	Transfers and subsidies	153 159	93 912	104 354	128 447	128 447	128 447	129 291	125 838	132 507
Provincial Revenue Funds Provincial agenties and funds Municipalities **Municipalities** **Municipalities** **Municipalities** **Departmental agencies and funds Departmental agencies and nationals Social security funds Departmental agencies (note)	Provinces and municipalities	21 500			•					
Provincial agencies and funds Municipal table coronals Social security funds Social security funds Social security funds Social security funds I 131 659 93 912 104 300 128 447 128 447 128 447 129 291 125 838 12 Higher deduction institutions Fracially appearements and international organisations Public corporations and private enterprises Non-profit institutions Hooseholds Social benefits Office fronzielat assets Buildings and other fixed structures Municipal coronals Municipal table corporation Municipal table corporation Municipal table corporation The fixed structures Municipal coronals Municipal table corporation Municipal coronals The fixed structures The fixed of the fixed structures The fixed	Provinces									
Municipal finites Municipal professor and funds Departmental agenicies and accounts Municipal professor and funds Departmental agenicies and accounts Social security funds Departmental agenicies (non-business milhis) Departmental agenicies (non-business milhis) Departmental agenicies (non-business milhis) Higher education institutions Tradeign generoments and international agenizations of private entemproses Public corporations and private entemproses Non-profit institutions Households Social benefits Other transfers to households Payments for capital asserts Buildings and other fixed structures Buildings and other fixed structures Buildings Mortinary and equipment Tursport equipment Tursport equipment Other modulinery and equipment Tursport equipment Other modulinery and equipment Tursport equipment Other modulinery and equipment Tursport equipment Tursport equipment Other modulinery and equipment Tursport equipment Other modulinery and equipment Tursport equipment Other modulinery and equipment Tursport equipment Alt 154 71 331 58 58 635 664 Tursport equipment Other modulinery and equipment Tursport equipment Tursport equipment Alt 154 71 331 58 58 635 664 Tursport equipment Turspo	Provincial Revenue Funds									
Municipal bank accounts Municipal agencies and funds Departmental agencies and accounts Social security funds Departmental agencies and accounts Social security funds Departmental agencies from- business entities) Departmental agencies and accounts Department and accounts Department accounts Departme	Provincial agencies and funds									
Municipal opencies and funds 21 500 131 659 93 912 104 300 128 447 128 447 129 491 125 838 13	Municipalities	21 500								
Departmental agencies and occounts	Municipal bank accounts									
Departmental agencies and accounts	Municipal agencies and funds	21 500								
Departmental agencies (non-business entities) 131 659 93 912 104 300 128 447 128 447 128 447 129 291 125 838 13	_	131 659	93 912	104 300	128 447	128 447	128 447	129 291	125 838	132 507
Departmental agencies (non-business entities) 131 659 93 912 104 300 128 447 128 447 128 447 129 291 125 838 13										
Foreign governments and international organisations Public corporations and private enterprises Non-profit institutions Households 54 Contracting and other fixed structures Buildings Other fixed structures Buildings Other fixed structures Machinery and equipment 14 154 71 331 58 58 635 664 Machinery and equipment 14 154 71 331 58 58 635 664 Tonsport equipment 14 154 71 331 58 58 635 664 Tonsport equipment 14 154 71 331 58 58 635 664 Tonsport equipment 14 154 71 331 58 58 635 664 Tonsport equipment 14 154 71 331 58 58 635 664 Tonsport equipment 15 71 331 58 58 635 664 Tonsport equipment 16 154 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71	Departmental agencies (non-	131 659	93 912	104 300	128 447	128 447	128 447	129 291	125 838	132 507
organisations Public corporations and private enterprises Non-profit institutions Households Social benefits Other transfers to households Payments for capital assets Buildings and other fixed structures Buildings Other fixed structures Machinery and equipment Other machinery and equipment Heritage Assets Specialized military assets Biological assets Land and sub-soil assets Thefts and losses Thefts and losses Thefts and losses See See See See See See See See See Se	Higher education institutions									
Payments for capital assets Specialised military assets Specialised military assets Software and other intendial assets Software and oth	Foreign governments and international organisations									
Households										
Social benefits	Non-profit institutions									
Other transfers to households Payments for capital assets Buildings and other fixed structures Buildings Other fixed structures Machinery and equipment Other machinery and equipment Heritage Assets Specialised military assets Biological assets Land and sub-soil assets Theffs and losses Theffs and losses 14 154 71 331 58 58 635 664 Transport equipment 14 154 71 331 58 58 635 664 Transport equipment 14 154 71 331 58 58 635 664 Transport equipment 14 154 71 331 58 58 635 664 Transport equipment 15 71 331 58 58 635 664 Theffs and sub-soil assets Specialised military assets Biological assets Land and sub-soil assets Land and sub-soil assets Fayments for financial assets Theffs and losses	Households			54						
Payments for capital assets Buildings and other fixed structures Buildings Other fixed structures Machinery and equipment Other machinery and equipment Heritage Assets Specialised military assets Biological assets Land and sub-soil assets Land and sub-soil assets Thefrs and losses Thefrs and losses 14 154 71 331 58 58 635 664 331 58 58 635 664 331 58 58 635 664 331 58 58 635 664 331 58 58 635 664 331 58 58 635 664 331 58 58 635 664	Social benefits			54						
Buildings and other fixed structures Buildings Other fixed structures Machinery and equipment I 4 154 71 331 58 58 635 664 Transport equipment Other machinery and equipment Heritage Assets Specialised military assets Biological assets Land and sub-soil assets Software and other intangible assets Thefts and losses Thefts and losses Software land losses Thefts and losses Software and losses Software land losses Software land losses Software land land land land land land land land	Other transfers to households									
Buildings Other fixed structures Machinery and equipment Transport equipment Other machinery and equipment Heritage Assets Specialised military assets Biological assets Land and sub-soil assets Software and other intrangible assets Thefts and losses Thefts and losses Software and sub-soil assets Thefts and losses Thefts and losses Software and sub-soil assets Software and sub-soil assets Thefts and losses	Payments for capital assets	14	154	71	331	58	58	635	664	699
Other fixed structures Machinery and equipment Transport equipment Other machinery and equipment Heritage Assets Specialised military assets Biological assets Land and sub-soil assets Software and other intangible assets Thefts and losses Thefts and losses Software are financial assets Thefts and losses	Buildings and other fixed structures									
Machinery and equipment Transport equipment Other machinery and equipment Heritage Assets Specialised military assets Biological assets Land and sub-soil assets Software and other intangible assets Thefts and losses Thefts and losses 14 154 71 331 58 58 635 664 14 154 71 331 58 58 635 664 15 4 71 331 58 58 635 664 16 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	Buildings									
Transport equipment Other machinery and equipment Heritage Assets Specialised military assets Biological assets Land and sub-soil assets Software and other intangible assets Thefrs and losses Thefrs and losses 5 909 Thefrs and losses	Other fixed structures									
Other machinery and equipment Heirtage Assets Specialised military assets Biological assets Land and sub-soil assets Software and other intangible assets Thefts and losses Thefts and losses 14 154 71 331 58 58 635 664 Barriage Assets Specialised military assets Biological assets Software and other intangible assets Thefts and losses 5 909	Machinery and equipment	14	154	71	331	58	58	635	664	699
Heritage Assets Specialised military assets Biological assets Land and sub-soil assets Software and other intangible assets Thefts and losses 5 909 Thefts and losses	Transport equipment									
Specialised military assets Biological assets Land and sub-soil assets Software and other intangible assets Thefts and losses 5 909 5 909	Other machinery and equipment	14	154	71	331	58	58	635	664	699
Biological assets Land and sub-soil assets Software and other intangible assets Payments for financial assets Thefts and losses 5 909 5 909	Heritage Assets									
Land and sub-soil assets Software and other intengible assets Payments for financial assets Thefts and losses 5 909	Specialised military assets									
Payments for financial assets Thefts and losses 5 909 5 909	Biological assets									
Payments for financial assets Thefts and losses 5 909 5 909	Land and sub-soil assets									
Thefts and losses 5 909	Software and other intangible assets									
Thefts and losses 5 909	Payments for financial assets			5 909						
	Thefts and losses			5 909						
	-									
Total economic dassification 198 794 158 379 196 458 239 766 237 087 237 087 268 135 268 495 28		100 70 -	150.070	10/ 450	000 777	007.007	22.22	0/0.10-	0/0 407	288 364

TABLE 3.25: PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: TRADE AND SECTOR DEVELOPMENT

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Med	lium-term estimate	es
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2015/16
Current payments	1 691	24 498	1 585	1 510	6 812	6 812	10 704	13 783	14 513
Compensation of employees	1 654	399		1 352	6 654	6 654	10 634	13 693	14 419
Salaries and wages	1 654	399		1 297	6 599	6 599	10 610	13 668	14 392
Social contributions				55	55	55	24	25	26
Goods and services	37	24 099	1 585	158	158	158	70	90	95
Administrative fees			5		3	3			
Advertising				37					







TABLE 3.25: PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: TRADE AND SECTOR DEVELOPMENT

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Med	es	
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2015/16
Bursaries: Employees									
Catering: Departmental activities			3	29			31	32	34
Communication (G&S)	37	17							
Consultants and professional services: Business and advisory services			1 471						
Contractors				17				19	20
Agency and support / outsourced services									
Entertainment				16			17	18	19
Inventory: Materials and supplies				31					
Inventory: Medical supplies									
Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies				7					
Operating leases		22 397							
Property payments		1 685							
Transport provided: Departmental activity				21			22	21	22
Travel and subsistence			106		155	155			
Rental and hiring									
Interest and rent on land									
Interest									
Rent on land									
Transfers and subsidies	639 887	385 839	450 525	506 375	506 375	506 375	499 961	552 278	581 549
Provinces and municipalities									
Provinces									
Provincial Revenue Funds									
Provincial agencies and funds									
Municipalities									
Municipal bank accounts									
Municipal agencies and funds	/20 007	201.020	450 505	F0/ 27F	F0/ 27F	F0/ 27F	400.0/1	FF0 070	E01 E40
Departmental agencies and accounts Social security funds	639 887	385 839	450 525	506 375	506 375	506 375	499 961	552 278	581 549
Departmental agencies (non- business entities)	639 887	385 839	450 525	506 375	506 375	506 375	499 961	552 278	581 549
Higher education institutions									
Households									
Social benefits									
Other transfers to households									
Payments for capital assets									
Buildings and other fixed structures									
Buildings									
Other fixed structures									
Machinery and equipment									
Transport equipment									
Other machinery and equipment									
Software and other intangible assets									
Payments for financial assets									
Thefts and losses									
Total economic classification	641 578	410 337	452 110	507 885	513 187	513 187	510 665	566 061	596 063

TABLE 3.26: PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: BUSINESS REGULATION AND GOVERNANCE

	Outcome			Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medi	um-term estin	nates
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2015/16
Current payments	23 769	27 665	33 578	41 489	36 790	36 790	51 437	58 980	61 788

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TABLE 3.26: PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: BUSINESS REGULATION AND GOVERNANCE

		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation			Medium-term estimates			
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2015/16		
Compensation of employees	21 142	23 173	28 973	30 631	25 096	25 096	45 742	47 115	49 29		
Salaries and wages	18 550	20 315	25 590	27 037	21 502	21 502	37 682	37 860	39 54		
Social contributions	2 592	2 858	3 383	3 594	3 594	3 594	8 060	9 255	9 74		
Goods and services	2 627	4 492	4 605	10 858	11 694	11 694	5 695	11 865	12 49		
Administrative fees	9	28	1		6	6					
Advertising	79	453	150	68	460	460					
Assets less than the capitalisation threshold	67	181	111		5	5					
Audit cost: External											
Bursaries: Employees	98	34	500	0.50	201	201		050	0.4		
Catering: Departmental activities	164	286	530	258	986	986	241	253	26		
Communication (G&S)	260	573	4		250	250					
Computer services Consultants and professional	58										
services: Business and advisory services Consultants and professional	484	1 060	1 471	2 849	2 052	852	4 434	4 533	4 77		
services: Legal costs	1		186								
Contractors	36	103	153		93	1 293					
Agency and support / outsourced services		7		8			75	79	8		
Entertainment	5	5		13	9	9	21	12	1		
Fleet services (including government motor transport)					5	5					
Inventory: Food and food supplies	13	36									
Inventory: Materials and supplies	3	7	3	282	9	(265)	101	106	11		
Consumable supplies	3	2	9		1	1					
Consumable: Stationery, printing											
and office supplies	498	284	341	194	15	15	60	63	6		
Operating leases	163	232	552	1	6 311	6 311		6 111	6 43		
Property payments			50		80	80					
Transport provided: Departmental activity	310										
Travel and subsistence	179	709	484	490	465	165	202	166	17		
Training and development		40			103	300	202				
Operating payments		72	118		100	100					
Venues and facilities	197	380	442		437	437	561	542	57		
Rental and hiring					410	410					
Interest and rent on land						-					
Interest	-										
Rent on land											
Transfers and subsidies	28 590	15 113	32 707	22 670	22 670	22 670	30 255	25 327	26 66		
Provinces and municipalities Provinces											
Provincial Revenue Funds											
Provincial agencies and funds											
Municipalities				T			1				
Municipal bank accounts											
Municipal agencies and funds											
Departmental agencies and accounts	28 590	15 100	32 670	22 670	22 670	22 670	30 255	25 327	26 66		
Social security funds											
Departmental agencies (non- business entities)	28 590	15 100	32 670	22 670	22 670	22 670	30 255	25 327	26 66		
Higher education institutions											
Non-profit institutions											
Households		13	37								
Social benefits		13	37								
Other transfers to households											
_											
Payments for capital assets	326	314	51								









		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates		
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2015/16
Buildings and other fixed structures									
Buildings									
Other fixed structures									
Machinery and equipment	326	314	51						
Transport equipment									
Other machinery and equipment	326	314	51						
Heritage Assets									
Payments for financial assets			398						
Thefts and losses			398						
Total economic classification	52 685	43 092	66 734	64 159	59 460	59 460	81 692	84 307	88 458

TABLE 3.27: PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: ECONOMIC PLANNING											
		Outcome		Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Revised estimate	Medium-term estimates				
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2015/16		
Current payments	10 423	17 990	23 049	27 698	21 596	21 596	40 501	44 795	47 169		
Compensation of employees	9 101	8 088	8 166	12 080	9 938	9 938	27 413	32 490	34 212		
Salaries and wages	8 353	7 369	7 506	10 526	8 384	8 540	23 933	28 562	30 076		
Social contributions	748	719	660	1 554	1 554	1 398	3 480	3 928	4 136		
Goods and services	1 322	9 902	14 883	15 618	11 658	11 658	13 088	12 305	12 957		
Administrative fees	7	25	147	49	30	29	96	100	106		
Advertising				370			158	143	150		
Assets less than the capitalisation threshold	3	260									
Audit cost: External											
Bursaries: Employees	21	36									
Catering: Departmental activities	40	62	44	102	77	78	220	227	239		
Communication (G&S)	200	218									
Computer services	83	734	1 595								
Consultants and professional services: Business and advisory services	588	6 833	11 595	13 275	10 213	10 213	11 392	10 654	11 219		
Consultants and professional services: Legal costs							3	3	3		
Contractors		42	49	50	1	1	56	59	62		
Agency and support / outsourced services		7	14	127			134	140	147		
Entertainment	3	3		14	7	7	15	10	11		
Fleet services (including government motor transport)					38	38					
Inventory: Food and food supplies	17	39	9								
Inventory: Fuel, oil and gas											
Inventory: Materials and supplies	1	2	3	479	2	2	80	79	83		
Inventory: Other supplies			3								
Consumable supplies		2			1	1					
Consumable: Stationery, printing and office supplies	25	119	29	620			260	231	243		
Operating leases	92	16		37		(37)	44				
Property payments											
Transport provided: Departmental activity											
Travel and subsistence	140	1 078	1 318	296	260	260	282	295	311		
Training and development	27	90									
Operating payments			2			37	3	3	3		
Venues and facilities	76	336	75	199	1 029	1 029	345	361	380		
Rental and hiring											





TABLE 3.27: PAYMENTS AND ESTIMATES BY ECONOMIC CLASSIFICATION: ECONOMIC PLANNING

	Outcome			Main appropriation	Adjusted appropriation	Medium-term estimates			
R thousand	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13		2013/14		2014/15	2015/16	2015/16
Interest and rent on land									
Interest									
Rent on land									
Transfers and subsidies			56		10	10			
Provinces and municipalities									
Provinces									
Public corporations									
Subsidies on products and production (pc)									
Other transfers to public corporations									
Private enterprises									
Subsidies on products and production (pe)									
Other transfers to private enterprises									
Non-profit institutions									
Households			56		10	10			
Social benefits									
Other transfers to households			56		10	10			
Payments for capital assets	215	161		336			289	302	318
Buildings and other fixed structures									
Buildings									
Other fixed structures									
Machinery and equipment	215	161		336			289	302	318
Transport equipment									
Other machinery and equipment	215	161		336			289	302	318
Heritage Assets	-								
Specialised military assets									
Biological assets									
Land and sub-soil assets									
Software and other intangible assets									
Payments for financial assets			5 100						
Thefts and losses			5 100						
THETTS WHU MOSSES			3 100						
Total economic classification:	10 638	18 151	28 205	28 034	21 606	21 606	40 790	45 096	47 487







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